

## **OPERATION MANUAL**

### YAMADA AIR-OPERATED DOUBLE DIAPHRAGM PUMP

NDP-20 series

NDP-25 series

NDP-32 series

NDP-40 series

NDP-50 series

NDP-500 series

NDP-80 series

#### Simplified Declaration of Conformity

YAMADA CORPORATION declares under our sole responsibility that the products described below are in conformity with the following standards and/or directives.



EU Declaration of Conformity:

Product : AIR OPERATED DIAPHRAGM PUMP series and PULSATION DAMPENER series

Model : NDP, DP, G, and AD series

Directive 2006/42/EC, Directive 2014/30/EU (NDP-E and DP-E series), EN ISO 12100:2010,

EN 809:1998 + A1:2009

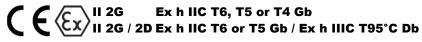


ATEX Declaration of Conformity:

Product : AIR OPERATED DIAPHRAGM PUMP series and PULSATION DAMPENER series

Model : Models as listed on the original declaration

Directive 2014/34/EU, EN ISO 80079-36:2016, EN ISO 80079-37:2016, EN IEC 60079-0:2018



\* For the ATEX code of each model, refer to the type plate attached to the product.

Type Examination Certificate Number 'DEKRA 18ATEX0059 X'

#### UK CA

UK Declaration of Conformity:

Product : AIR OPERATED DIAPHRAGM PUMP series and PULSATION DAMPENER series

Model : NDP, DP, G, and AD series

Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008, EN-ISO 12100:2010, EN 809:1998 + A1:2009

Manufacturer

Name of company : YAMADA CORPORATION

Address : 1-1-3, Minami-Magome, Ota ku, Tokyo, 143-8504 Japan

Importer / Authorized Representative

Name of company : YAMADA EUROPE B.V.

Address : Aquamarijnstraat 50, 7554NS Hengelo(Ov), the Netherlands

Original declaration is available at the following Internet address:

https://www.yamada-europe.com/downloads

#### ·Introduction

Thank you for purchasing a Yamada Diaphragm Pump. This product is a positive-displacement pump that transfers fluids by movement of diaphragms driven by compressed air through a unique switching mechanism. The casing that comes in contact with the fluid is made of aluminum, stainless steel, forged iron, polypropylene, polyvinylidene fluoride depending on the model you have selected according to the type of fluid to be pumped. The diaphragms are made of rubber-based or plastic-based materials.

#### ·For safe operation

This document contains information vital for safe and efficient operation of this product. Before using the pump, be sure to read this document carefully, particularly the "warnings and cautions", and be fully familiar with the operating procedures. Be sure to keep this document handy for future reference.

#### ·Warnings and cautions

For safe use of this product, be sure to NOTE the following: In this document, warnings and cautions are indicated by symbols. These symbols are for those who will operate this product and for those who will be nearby, for safe operation and for prevention of personal injury and property damage.

The following warning and caution symbols have the meanings described below. Be sure to remember their meanings.



WARNING: If you ignore the warning described and operate the product in an improper manner, there is danger of serious bodily injury or death.



A CAUTION : If you ignore the caution described and operate the product in an improper manner, there is danger of personal injury or property damage.

Furthermore, to indicate the type of danger and damage, the following symbols are also used along with those mentioned above:



This symbol indicates a DON'T, and will be accompanied by an explanation on something you must not do.



This symbol indicates a DO, and will be accompanied by instructions on something you must do in a certain situation.

#### ·Operating caution

Before using this product

### WARNING



- When using compressed gas (hereinafter called "compressed air") to drive this pump, be sure it is one of the following:
- \* Compressed air supplied from an air compressor
- \* Nitrogen (N2) gas

Use of compressed air other than the above may cause air pollution, damage to the pump, or even an explosion.



- Pressure Ratings are dependent on pump material and liquid temperature variations. Please see "Temperature Pressure Curve" in the "10.1 Main specification" and check for the allowable working pressure at the specific temperature of the liquid being pumped. Air pressure and discharge pressure must not exceed the allowable working pressure. If air pressure and discharge pressure exceed the allowable working pressure, it may cause liquid leaks, damaged pump casings or diaphragms and could cause a fatal accident.
- When moving this product, make sure that the internal pressure is released. If the pump is moved while under pressure, any shock imparted by droppage, etc. may damage the pump or even cause an explosion.
- Hazardous fluids (with strong acid or alkali, flammable or toxic) or gas bubbles generated by such fluids may cause serious injury or even death if accidentally inhaled or consumed or if they come into contact with the eyes or adhere to skin. Therefore, the following precautions are strongly advised.
  - \*Be fully familiar with the properties of the fluid to be pumped and work in strict accordance with the operating instructions provided by the suppliers of such fluids (such as wearing goggles, gloves, mask or work clothes).
  - \*When storing a hazardous fluid, strictly comply with the regulatory procedures (such as using proper containers, storage conditions, etc.).
  - \*Always install the piping and exhaust port of this pump away from human and animal



When a diaphragm is damaged, fluid will gush out together with air through the exhaust port. Also when pump has positive suction head, liquid will be forced out from exhaust port due to positive inlet pressure. Make sure to provide protective measures in consideration of possible leakage of fluid (see NOTE: Arranging outside exhaust on P.16). For example using a hose and pit etc., also be sure you are using a model with appropriate corrosion resistance for the fluid to be pumped.

### **↑** WARNING



• When installing this product, be sure to connect a ground wire from the specified position of this product. When this product is installed and operated without the ground wire properly connected, friction between parts, as well as abrasion caused by the flow of some fluids inside the casing, may generate static electricity. Also, depending on the type of fluid being pumped and the installation environment (such as gases in the air and type of surrounding fixtures), static electricity could become a cause of fire or electric shock.



- Improper grounding, poor ventilation, or unshielded fire or spark can create a danger of fire or explosion. Therefore, the following precautions are strongly advised.
  - \*All peripheral equipment and piping connected to this product should be properly grounded.
  - \*To pump flammable liquids, use a model with an aluminum or stainless-steel casing.
  - \*Whenever you notice any spark while operating this product, immediately stop its operation, and do NOT start using it again unless you are sure of the cause and corrective actions have been taken.
  - \*Depending upon the type of fluid being pumped, bubbles of flammable gas may be generated. Make sure that ventilation is satisfactory.
  - \*This product itself, its piping and exhaust ports should be kept away from unshielded fire, spark and other causes of ignition. If a diaphragm is damaged, fluid will gush out together with air from the exhaust port.
  - \*Do NOT leave gasoline or solvent etc. that contains waste at the work site.
  - \*Machinery and other equipment near the place of installation of this product should be properly insulated to prevent conduction with each other.
  - \*Do NOT operate heating devices that create flames or have heating filaments anywhere near the pump or its piping.
  - \*If there are flammable gases in the air while the pump is operating, do NOT switch electric appliance on and off.
  - \*Do NOT operate a gasoline engine at the work site.
  - \*Restrict smoking at the work site.



• After you shut down the pump and disconnect the piping, some fluid may remain inside the pump. Also, if the pump is left unused for a prolonged period, some fluid may remain inside the pump and connected piping. Therefore, be sure to purge the system of fluid and clean the pump before prolonged disuse. If the product is left unused for a prolonged period with fluid remaining in the connected piping as well as the pump itself, the fluid may expand, depending on the ambient temperature (because of freezing or heat), which may cause damage to the pump and/or piping and possible leakage of fluid.



Always use genuine Yamada parts when replacing component parts of this product. Do NOT
attempt to modify the components parts or replace them with other than genuine Yamada
parts.



 Torque of all tightening parts must be inspected before operation. Designated torque are mentioned in maintenance manual.

### **↑** WARNING



 When pumping a hazardous fluid (hot, flammable, strong acid, etc.) with this product, provide protective measures (install a pit, a protection box, sensors, etc.) in consideration of possible leakage of fluid, and post warning

signs at necessary places.
Make the warning symbols in "12.Warning symbols", and attach them to the casing and piping, etc.

Leakage of fluid may cause fire, air pollution or a serious accident. When pumping a hot fluid, the casing and piping will become hot, which may burn the skin when touched.

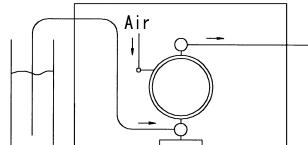


Fig.0.1



• Before using this product, be sure you are familiar with the precautions regarding the fluid to be pumped, and verify the corrosion resistance of the parts that will come into contact with the fluid. NEVER use the product with any fluid against which it does not have sufficient corrosion resistance or with a fluid that poses a risk of explosion. If you are unsure of the corrosion resistance, contact your dealer or our regional office. If you use this product with any fluid against which the parts that will come in contact with the fluid do not have sufficient corrosion resistance, it may result in damaging the product or leakage of fluid.



• When working in the vicinity of pumping of fluid with this product, be sure to wear protective gear (goggles, mask, etc.).



• When using this product, observe the relevant regulatory rules concerning fire prevention, labor safety standards, etc.



If you have any questions on the operation of this product (method of connection or installation), contact your dealer or our regional office.

### **↑** CAUTION



• When operating this product, it may generate loud operating noise, depending upon the condition of use (fluid pumped, supply air pressure and discharge pressure). If regulatory rules apply, provide appropriate acoustic measures where necessary. (For the noise value of this product, see "10.1 Main specifications".)



To drive this product, use supply air with minimum moisture content.



• If a diaphragm of this product is damaged, supply air may mix with the fluid or the fluid may flow into the main body (air-switching portion). If air supply is inadequate or contaminated, do NOT operate the pump.



· While operating this product, do NOT cover the intake port by hand.



• If the pump remains unused for a long period of time, or you have misgivings about running the pump, please consult with the dealer where you purchased it or our Sales office.

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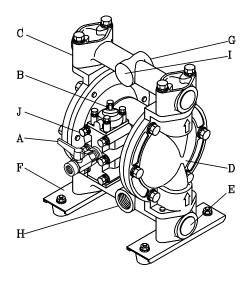
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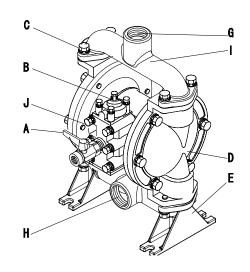
### 1.Names of parts and materials

### 1.1 NDP-20, 25, 32 series

A: Air Valve F: Pump Base
B: Reset Button G: Discharge Port
C: Out Manifold H: Intake Port
D: Out Chamber I: Lift Point

E: In Manifold J: Ground Connection Point





NDP-20BA $\square$ , NDP-20BS $\square$ NDP-25BA $\square$ , NDP-25BS $\square$ NDP-25BF $\square$  NDP-32BAN NDP-32BAT

#### •Aluminum type([]:NDP-32)

Type	BAC	BAN	BAE	BAV	BAT	BAH	BAS	BAH/T		
Switching Portion		ADC12								
Fluid contact Portion		ADC12 [ADC12, AC4C-T6]								
Diaphragm	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE	TPO	TPEE		
Ball/O Ring	CR/NBR	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE/NBR	TPO/EPDM	PTFE/NBR		
Valve Seat		SCS14								
Center Disk		SUS	S316		A5056		SUS316			

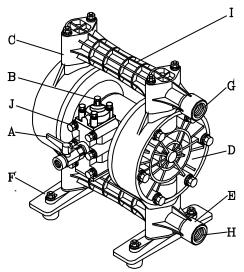
•Stainless-steel type([]: Forged iron type)

Type	BSC [BFC]	BSN [BFN]	BSE [BFE]	BSV [BFV]	BST [BFT]	BSH [BFH]	BSS [BFS]	BSH/T [BFH/T]	
Switching Portion				AD	C12				
Fluid contact Portion	SCS14 [S45C]								
Diaphragm	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE	TPO	TPEE	
Ball/O Ring	CR/NBR	R/NBR NBR EPDM FKM PTFE TPEE/NBR TPO/EPDM						PTFE/NBR	
Valve Seat		SCS14							
Center Disk	SUS316								

<sup>\*</sup>Forged iron casing is set up in NDP-25 series.

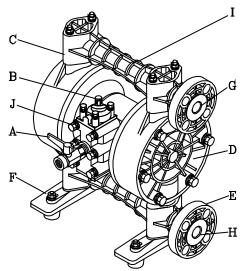
A: Air Valve F: Pump Base
B: Reset Button G: Discharge Port
C: Out Manifold H: Intake Port
D: Out Chamber I: Lift Point

E: In Manifold J: Ground Connection Point



NDP-20BP $\Box$  (THREAD TYPE)

NDP-25BP $\square$  (THREAD TYPE) NDP-25BV $\square$  (THREAD TYPE)



NDP-20BP□ (FLANGE TYPE)

NDP-25BP□ (FLANGE TYPE)

NDP-25BV□ (FLANGE TYPE)

• Polypropylene type([]: Polyvinylidene fluoride type)

Type	BPC	BPN	BPE	BPV	BPT	BPH	BPS	BPH/T		
			[BVE]	[BVV]	[BVT]	[BVH]	[BVS]			
Switching Portion		ADC12								
Fluid contact Portion		PPG [PVDF]								
Diaphragm	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE	TPO	TPEE		
Ball/O Ring	CR/NBR	NBR	EPDM [EPDM/PTFE]	FKM [FKM/PTFE]	PTFE	TPEE/NBR [TPEE/PTFE]	TPO/EPDM [TPO/PTFE]	PTFE/NBR		
Valve Seat		PPG [PVDF]								
Center Disk		PPG(SCS13) [PVDF(SCS13)] *1								

<sup>\*1.</sup> SCS13 is an insert material.

#### ■ List of accessories

#### 1.2 NDP-40 series

A: Air Valve

B: Reset Button

C: Out Manifold

D: Out Chamber

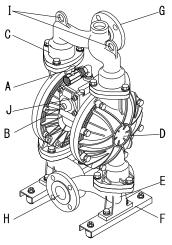
E: In Manifold

F: Pump Base(Stand) G: Discharge Port

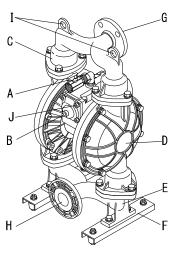
H: Intake Port

I: Lift Point

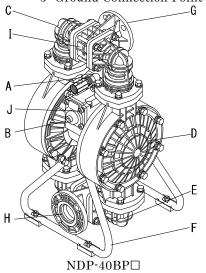
J: Ground Connection Point







NDP-40BS□ NDP-40BF□



NDP-40BV□

#### ·Aluminum type

Type	BAC	BAN	BAE	BAV	BAT	BAH	BAS	BAH/T	BATU
Switching Portion					ADC12		•		
Fluid contact Portion				A	DC12, AC4	C-T6			
Diaphragm	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE	TPO	TPEE	PTFE+EPDM
Ball/O Ring	CR/NBR							PTFE	
Valve Seat	CR								A5056
Center Disk		A5056							

#### • Stainless-steel type([]: Forged iron type)

	J 1	U	J 1						
Type	BSC [BFC]	BSN [BFN]	BSE [BFE]	BSV [BFV]	BST [BFT]	BSH [BFH]	BSS [BFS]	BSH/T [BFH/T]	BSTU [BFTU]
		[Dr N]	[Dr E]	[Dr V]	[Dr1]	[Drn]	[Dro]	[DF II/ I]	[DriU]
Switching Portion					ADC12				
Fluid contact Portion		SCS14 [FC250]							
Diaphragm	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE	TPO	TPEE	PTFE+EPDM
Ball/O Ring	CR/NBR	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE/NBR	TPO/EPDM	PTFE/NBR	PTFE
Valve Seat	$\operatorname{CR}$	CR NBR EPDM FKM SUS316 TPEE TPO TPEE							
Center Disk		SUS316 [SS400]							

• Polypropylene type([]: Polyvinylidene fluoride type)

Type	BPC	BPN	BPE	BPV	BPT	BPH	BPS	BPH/T	BPTU	
			[BVE]		[BVT]		[BVS]		[BVTU]	
Switching Portion					ADC12					
Fluid contact Portion		PPG [PVDF]								
Diaphragm	CR	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE	TPO	TPEE	PTFE+EPDM	
Ball/O Ring	CR/NBR	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE/NBR	TPO/EPDM [TPO/PTFE]	-	PTFE	
Valve Seat		PP [PTFE]								
Center Disk		PPG(SCS13) [PVDF(SCS13)] *1								

<sup>\*1.</sup> SCS13 is an insert material.

- Simple Operation Manual  $\cdots \cdots 1$
- Cushion · · · · · · 4 (excluding BP  $\square$ , BV  $\square$  type)
- Bolt, Nut  $\cdots \cdots 4$  (for securing the pump with the cushions, excluding BP $\square$ , BV $\square$  type)
- Air Valve ...... 1
- •Bushing ......1

#### NDP-H40 series

A: Air Valve

F: Pump Base(Stand)

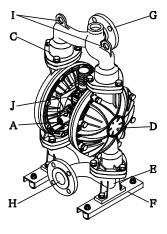
G: Discharge Port

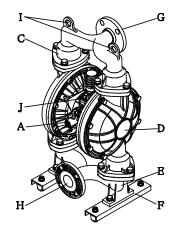
C: Out Manifold

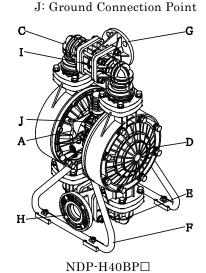
H: Intake Port I: Lift Point

D: Out Chamber









NDP-H40BA $\square$ 

NDP-H40BS□ NDP-H40BF□

·Aluminum type

Type	BAC	BAN	BAE	BAV	BAT	BAH	BAS	BAH/T	
Switching Portion				AD	C12				
Fluid contact Portion		ADC12, AC4C-T6							
Diaphragm	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE	TPO	TPEE	
Ball/O Ring	CR/NBR	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE/NBR	TPO/EPDM	PTFE/NBR	
Valve Seat	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	A5056	TPEE	TPO	TPEE	
Center Disk		A5056							

•Stainless-steel type([]: Forged iron type)

Type	BSC [BFC]	BSN [BFN]	BSE [BFE]	BSV [BFV]	BST [BFT]	BSH [BFH]	BSS [BFS]	BSH/T [BFH/T]		
Switching Portion		ADC12								
Fluid contact Portion		SCS14 [FC250]								
Diaphragm	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE	TPO	TPEE		
Ball/O Ring	CR/NBR	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE/NBR	TPO/EPDM	PTFE/NBR		
Valve Seat	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	SUS316	TPEE	TPO	TPEE		
Center Disk	SUS316 [SS400]									

· Polypropylene type

J P F J J P -										
Type	BPC	BPN	BPE	BPV	BPT	BPH	BPS	BPH/T		
Switching Portion				AD	C12					
Fluid contact Portion		PPG								
Diaphragm	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE	TPO	TPEE		
Ball/O Ring	CR/NBR	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE/NBR	TPO/EPDM	PTFE/NBR		
Valve Seat		PP								
Center Disk		PPG(SCS13) *1								

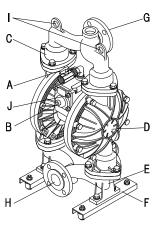
<sup>\*1.</sup> SCS13 is an insert material.

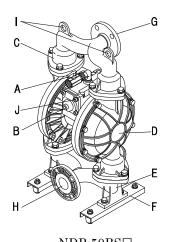
- Simple Operation Manual  $\cdots \cdots 1$
- Cushion · · · · · · 4(excluding BP□ type)
- Bolt, Nut ················4(for securing the pump with the cushions, excluding BP□ type)
- Air Valve ...... 1

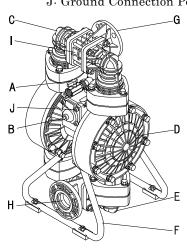
#### 1.3 NDP-50 series

A: Air Valve F: Pump Base(Stand)
B: Reset Button G: Discharge Port
C: Out Manifold H: Intake Port
D: Out Chamber I: Lift Point

E: In Manifold J: Ground Connection Point







NDP-50BA $\square$ 

 $NDP-50BS\square$  $NDP-50BF\square$ 

 $NDP-50BP\square$  $NDP-50BV\square$ 

·Aluminum type

Type	BAC	BAN	BAE	BAV	BAT	BAH	BAS	BAH/T	BATU
Switching Portion					ADC12				
Fluid contact Portion				Al	OC12, AC40	C-T6			
Diaphragm	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE	TPO	TPEE	PTFE+EPDM
Ball/O Ring	CR/NBR							PTFE	
Valve Seat	$\operatorname{CR}$	CR NBR EPDM FKM A5056 TPEE TPO TPEE						A5056	
Center Disk		A5056							

•Stainless-steel type([]: Forged iron type)

Type	BSC	BSN	BSE	BSV	BST	BSH	BSS	BSH/T	BSTU	
	[BFC]	[BFN]	[BFE]	[BFV]	[BFT]	[BFH]	[BFS]	[BFH/T]	[BFTU]	
Switching Portion					ADC12					
Fluid contact Portion		SCS14 [FC250]								
Diaphragm	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE	TPO	TPEE	PTFE+EPDM	
Ball/O Ring	CR/NBR	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE/NBR	TPO/EPDM	PTFE/NBR	PTFE	
Valve Seat	$\operatorname{CR}$	CR NBR EPDM FKM SUS316 TPEE TPO TPEE								
Center Disk		SUS316 [SS400]								

• Polypropylene type([]: Polyvinylidene fluoride type)

- J F - F J	- J I - (E 3	- 0	aciic iradii	J 1 - ,						
Type	BPC	BPN	BPE	BPV	BPT	BPH	BPS	BPH/T	BPTU	
			[BVE]	[BVV]	[BVT]	[BVH]	[BVS]		[BVTU]	
Switching Portion					ADC12					
Fluid contact Portion		PPG [PVDF]								
Diaphragm	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE	TPO	TPEE	PTFE+EPDM	
Ball/O Ring	CR/NBR	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE/NBR [TPEE/PTFE]	TPO/EPDM [TPO/PTFE]	PTFE/NBR	PTFE	
Valve Seat		PP [PTFE]								
Center Disk			PP	G(SCS13) [	PVDF(SCS	13)] *1				

<sup>\*1.</sup> SCS13 is an insert material.

- Simple Operation Manual  $\cdots \cdots 1$
- Cushion ······· 4(excluding BP□, BV□ type)
- Bolt, Nut ·······················4(for securing the pump with the cushions, excluding BP□, BV□ type)
- •Air Valve ......

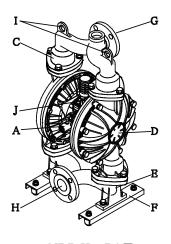
#### NDP-H50 series

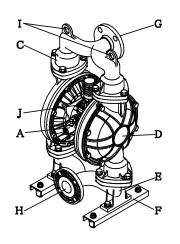
A: Air Valve F: Pump Base(Stand)

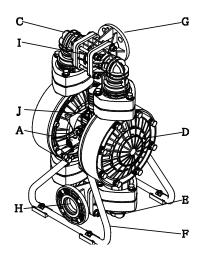
G: Discharge Port

C: Out Manifold H: Intake Port D: Out Chamber I: Lift Point

E: In Manifold J: Ground Connection Point







NDP-H50BA  $\square$ 

 $NDP-H50BS\square$  $NDP-H50BF\square$ 

NDP-H50BP□ NDP-H50BV□

·Aluminum type

Type	BAC	BAN	BAE	BAV	BAT	BAH	BAS	BAH/T			
Switching Portion		ADC12									
Fluid contact Portion		ADC12, AC4C-T6									
Diaphragm	CR	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE	TPO	TPEE			
Ball/O Ring	CR/NBR	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE/NBR	TPO/EPDM	PTFE/NBR			
Valve Seat	CR	NBR	EPDM	FKM	A5056	TPEE	TPO	TPEE			
Center Disk	A5056										

#### • Stainless-steel type([]: Forged iron type)

* *	0									
Type	BSC	BSN	BSE	BSV	BST	BSH	BSS	BSH/T		
	[BFC]	[BFN]	[BFE]	[BFV]	[BFT]	[BFH]	[BFS]	[BFH/T]		
Switching Portion		ADC12								
Fluid contact Portion		SCS14 [FC250]								
Diaphragm	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE	TPO	TPEE		
Ball/O Ring	CR/NBR	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE/NBR	TPO/EPDM	PTFE/NBR		
Valve Seat	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	SUS316	TPEE	TPO	TPEE		
Center Disk	SUS316 [SS400]									

• Polypropylene type([]: Polyvinylidene fluoride type)

Type	BPC	BPN	BPE	BPV	BPT	BPH	BPS	BPH/T		
			[BVE]	[BVV]	[BVT]	[BVH]	[BVS]			
Switching Portion				AD	C12					
Fluid contact Portion				PPG	[PVDF]					
Diaphragm	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE	TPO	TPEE		
Ball/O Ring	CR/NBR	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE/NBR	TPO/EPDM [TPO/PTFE]	PTFE/NBR		
Valve Seat		PP [PTFE]								
Center Disk		PPG(SCS13) [PVDF(SCS13)] *1								

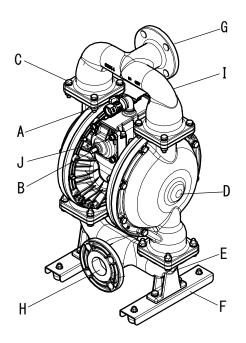
<sup>\*1.</sup> SCS13 is an insert material.

- •Simple Operation Manual · · · · · · 1
- Cushion · · · · · · 4(excluding BP  $\square$  , BV  $\square$  type)
- Bolt, Nut ······················4(for securing the pump with the cushions, excluding BP□, BV□ type)
- Air Valve ...... 1

#### 1.4 NDP-500 series

A: Air Valve F: Pump Base
B: Reset Button G: Discharge Port
C: Out Manifold H: Intake Port
D: Out Chamber I: Lift Point

E: In Manifold J: Ground Connection Point



NDP-500BS $\square$ 

#### •Stainless-steel type

Type	BSC	BSN	BSE	BSV	BST	BSH	BSS	BSH/T	BSTU		
Switching Portion		ADC12									
Fluid contact Portion					SCS14						
Diaphragm	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE	TPO	TPEE	PTFE+EPDM		
Ball/O Ring	CR/NBR	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE/NBR	TPO/EPDM	PTFE/NBR	PTFE		
Valve Seat	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	SUS316	TPEE	TPO	TPEE	SUS316		
Center Disk		SUS316									

•Simple Operation Manual · · · · · · 1
• Cushion $\cdots \qquad \qquad 4$
• Bolt, Nut · · · · · 4
•Air Valve · · · · · 1
$\bullet Silencer \cdots \cdots 1$

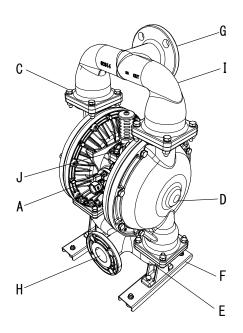
#### NDP-H500 series

A: Air Valve F: Pump Base

G: Discharge Port

C: Out Manifold H: Intake Port
D: Out Chamber I: Lift Point

E: In Manifold J: Ground Connection Point



NDP-H500BS□

#### ${\bf \cdot} Stainless\text{-}steel\ type$

Type	BSC	BSN	BSE	BSV	BST	BSH	BSS	BSH/T			
Switching Portion		ADC12									
Fluid contact Portion		SCS14									
Diaphragm	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE	TPO	TPEE			
Ball/O Ring	CR/NBR	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE/NBR	TPO/EPDM	PTFE/NBR			
Valve Seat	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	SUS316	TPEE	TPO	TPEE			
Center Disk		SUS316									

#### ■List of accessories

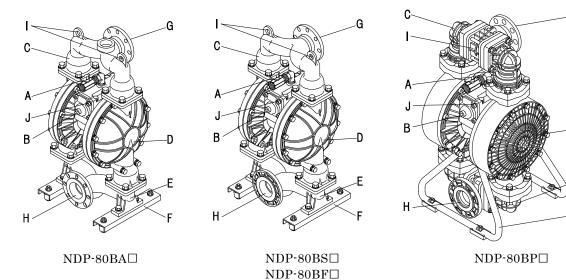
• Simple Operation Manual · · · · · · · 4
• Cushion · · · · · · 4
• Bolt, Nut · · · · · · · · 4
• Air Valve · · · · · · · · · 1

#### 1.5 NDP-80 series

A: Air Valve F: Pump Base(Stand)
B: Reset Button G: Discharge Port
C: Out Manifold H: Intake Port

D: Out Chamber I: Lift Point

E: In Manifold J: Ground Connection Point



·Aluminum type

	•										
Type	BAC	BAN	BAE	BAV	BAT	BAH	BAS	BAH/T	BATU		
Switching Portion		ADC12									
Fluid contact Portion		ADC12, AC4C-T6									
Diaphragm	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE	TPO	TPEE	PTFE+EPDM		
Ball/O Ring	CR/NBR	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE/NBR	TPO/EPDM	PTFE/NBR	PTFE		
Valve Seat	CR	NBR	EPDM	FKM	A5056	TPEE	TPO	TPEE	A5056		
Center Disk		A5056									

•Stainless-steel type([]: Forged iron type)

E tallifess ste	J I - 12 3	- 0	- 71/							
Type	BSC	BSN	BSE	BSV	BST	BSH	BSS	BSH/T	BSTU	
	[BFC]	[BFN]	[BFE]	[BFV]	[BFT]	[BFH]	[BFS]	[BFH/T]	[BFTU]	
Switching Portion		ADC12								
Fluid contact Portion					SCS14 [FC	[250]				
Diaphragm	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE	TPO	TPEE	PTFE+EPDM	
Ball/O Ring	CR/NBR	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE/NBR	TPO/EPDM	PTFE/NBR	PTFE	
Valve Seat	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	SUS316	TPEE	TPO	TPEE	SUS316	
Center Disk		SUS [S25			SUS316 [SS400]		SUS316 [S25C]			

· Polypropylene type

	V 1									
Type	BPC	BPN	BPE	BPV	BPT	BPH	BPS	BPH/T	BPTU	
Switching Portion					ADC12					
Fluid contact Portion					PPG					
Diaphragm	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE	TPO	TPEE	PTFE+EPDM	
Ball/O Ring	CR/NBR	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE/NBR	TPO/EPDM	PTFE/NBR	PTFE	
Valve Seat					PP					
Center Disk		PPG(SCS13) *1								

<sup>\*1.</sup> SCS13 is an insert material.

- Simple Operation Manual  $\cdots \cdots 1$
- Cushion ······ 4(excluding BP□ type)
- Bolt, Nut ················4(for securing the pump with the cushions, excluding BP□ type)
- •Air Valve ...... 1

#### NDP-H80 series

A: Air Valve

F: Pump Base(Stand)

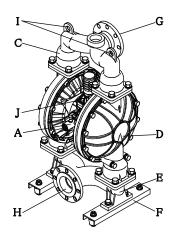
G: Discharge Port

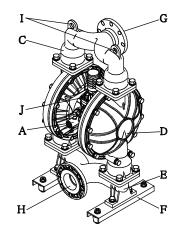
C: Out Manifold

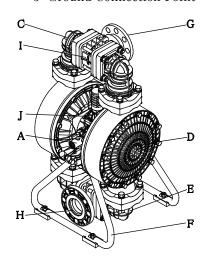
H: Intake Port I: Lift Point

D: Out Chamber E: In Manifold

J: Ground Connection Point







NDP-H80BA□

NDP-H80BS□ NDP-H80BF□

NDP-H80BP□

·Aluminum type

-71											
Type	BAC	BAN	BAE	BAV	BAT	BAH	BAS	BAH/T			
Switching Portion		ADC12									
Fluid contact Portion		ADC12, AC4C-T6									
Diaphragm	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE	TPO	TPEE			
Ball/O Ring	CR/NBR	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE/NBR	TPO/EPDM	PTFE/NBR			
Valve Seat	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	A5056	TPEE	TPO	TPEE			
Center Disk		A5056									

•Stainless-steel type([]: Forged iron type)

Туре	BSC [BFC]	BSN [BFN]	BSE [BFE]	BSV [BFV]	BST [BFT]	BSH [BFH]	BSS [BFS]	BSH/T [BFH/T]			
Switching Portion		ADC12									
Fluid contact Portion		SCS14 [FC250]									
Diaphragm	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE	TPO	TPEE			
Ball/O Ring	CR/NBR	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE/NBR	TPO/EPDM	PTFE/NBR			
Valve Seat	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	SUS316	TPEE	TPO	TPEE			
Center Disk			5316 5C]		SUS316 [SS400]		SUS316 [S25C]				

· Polypropylene type

Type	BPC	BPN	BPE	BPV	BPT	BPH	BPS	BPH/T
Switching Portion	ADC12							
Fluid contact Portion				P	PG			
Diaphragm	$\operatorname{CR}$	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE	TPO	TPEE
Ball/O Ring	CR/NBR	NBR	EPDM	FKM	PTFE	TPEE/NBR	TPO/EPDM	PTFE/NBR
Valve Seat	PP							
Center Disk	PPG(SCS13) *1							

<sup>\*1.</sup> SCS13 is an insert material.

- •Simple Operation Manual ·······1
- Cushion · · · · · · 4(excluding BP□ type)
- Bolt, Nut ················4(for securing the pump with the cushions, excluding BP□ type)
- Air Valve · · · · · · · 1

#### 2. Assembly

#### 2.1 Installation of accessories

- 1) First, open the product package and make sure that all the accessories are in order (see "1. Names of parts and materials" List of accessories).
- 2) Attach the air valve, silencer and Cushion (see the appearance drawings on "1. Names of parts and materials").

## **⚠** CAUTION



• All of the connection parts are capped or taped for shipment. Remove the caps and tapes.



 When installing accessories, make sure that no foreign matter falls into the product, as it could cause malfunction of the switching portion.

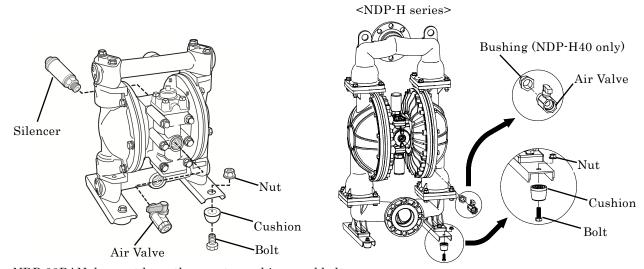


· Cover an air valve, a silencer with sealing tape to prevent leakage.

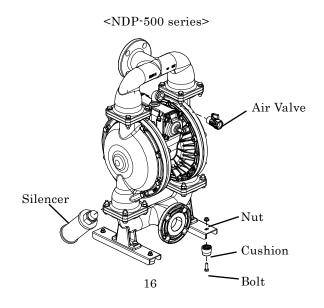


• See "10.1 Main specifications". Remember that the pump is heavy, so extreme care must be taken when lifting it.

According to the point of a figure, please tighten each accessories with tools. Coil the seal tape around the thread part of the air valve and the silencer, and prevent leak. As for NDP-40, 50, 80 series and NDP-H series pumps, the silencer is factory installed.



NDP-32BAN does not have these nuts, cushions and bolts.



#### 3. Installation

#### 3.1 Method of transport

• When lifting the pump using a chain hoist or crane before transporting it, be sure to lift it by the specified lift point (see "1. Names of parts and materials").

### **⚠** WARNING



• Be careful that nobody will pass under the pump when you lift it. It would be very dangerous if the pump should fall.

### **⚠** CAUTION



See "10.1 Main specifications". Remember that the pump is heavy, so extreme care must be taken when lifting it.



• When moving the pump with a forklift or truck, make sure that the pump will not fall. If it does, it may be damaged and/or cause bodily injury.



• NEVER try to move the pump by pulling the hose connected to the pump. The hose or the pump may be damaged.

#### 3.2 Installing the pump

1) Decide where the pump should be installed and secure a suitable space (see Fig. 3.1 A to D).

#### <NOTE>

- · It should be installed horizontally.
- Try to keep the suction lift as short as possible.
   To protect diaphragm from abnormal breakage, inlet pressure must be kept below the following values:

\*PTFE diaphragm :0.02 MPa (height 2 m) During operation :0.05 MPa (height 5 m) Not in operation

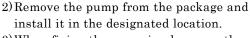
\*Other diaphragms: 0.1 MPa (height 10 m)

(Condition with fresh water under ambient temperature)

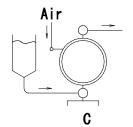
- Remember to provide sufficient space around the pump for maintenance.
- The direction of the fluid intake port and the discharge port can be switched opposite from each other.

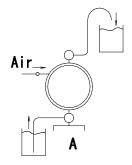
(For switching, see the maintenance manual.)

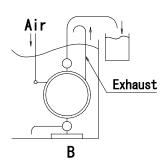
- In the event diaphragm failure the exhaust from pump may contain some sludge.
  - When operating the pump where it would have an impact on the environment, the exhaust should be directed to a place where there will be no environmental impact.



3) When fixing the pump in place, use the cushions on the pump base, and secure the pump by tightening the tied-down bolts a little at a time.







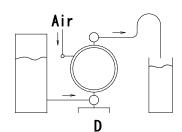


Fig. 3.1

### **↑** CAUTION



• Even if you do not use the cushions to secure the pump in place, mount it in such a way that vibration generated by pump operation will be absorbed.



- If the pump will be submerged during operation, follow the steps below:
- \*Verify the corrosion resistance of each component of the pump, and do NOT expose the pump to any fluid for which it does not have proper corrosion resistance.
- \*Exhaust should directed outside, not into the fluid in which the pump is submerged. For information on how to arrange the exhaust, see NOTE: Arranging outside exhaust and Fig.3.2 below.
- \*Make sure that you can reach all of the valves without submerging your hand.



• When operating the pump, operation noise may be generated, depending upon conditions of use (kind of fluid being pumped, supply air pressure and discharge pressure). If any regulatory rules apply, provide appropriate acoustic measures. (For the noise level of this product, see "10.1 Main specifications".)



• When pumping a hazardous fluid (hot, flammable, strong acid, etc.), provide protective measures (installation of a pit or sensors, etc.) in consideration of possible leakage of fluid, and post warning signs at necessary places. For details, see the applicable operating caution on P.2 and P.4.

### **↑** WARNING



• If using the pump with a flammable fluid or in a flammable environment, read the applicable operating caution on P.3.

#### <NOTE> Arranging outside exhaust

- · Remove the silencer.
- Connect a hose with a ground wire to the pump's exhaust port, and attach the silencer to the tip of the hose. Use a hose of the same diameter as the exhaust port. (If the hose is longer than 5 meters, consult your dealer or our regional office.)
- Have a pit, a protection box, etc. at the end of the hose.

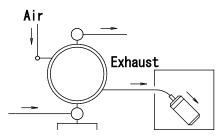


Fig. 3.2

### **↑** WARNING



• Be sure to have a pit, a protection box, etc. at the end of the hose in preparation for the flow of fluid in case of damage to a diaphragm. For details, see the applicable operating caution on P.2.



· Pump exhaust should be directed to a safe place, away from people, animals and food.

#### <NOTE> Solenoid Operation

When air line operation is to be controlled by a solenoid valve, a three way type is recommended. A three-way solenoid valve allows any trapped air to bleed off, in turn improving pump performance.

#### 3.3 Connecting the ground wire

- a) When installing the pump, be sure to connect the ground wire at the specified position. For the specified position for connecting the ground wire, see "1. Names of parts and materials".
- b) Also connect ground wires to peripheral equipment and piping.
- c) Use 4.0 mm<sup>2</sup> minimum ground wire.

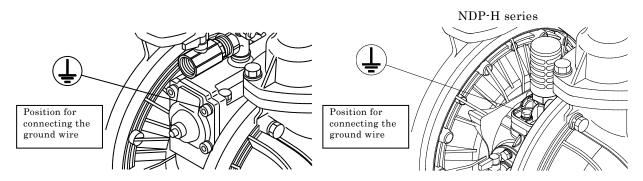


Fig.3.3

## **⚠** WARNING

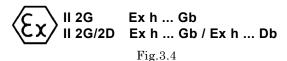


Be sure to connect ground wires to the connected piping and any other connected equipment. For details, see the applicable operating caution on P.3.

When the pump is operated without a ground wire or otherwise not properly grounded, friction between parts and abrasion caused by some fluids flowing inside the casing may generate static electricity. Also, depending on the type of fluid being pumped and the installation environment (such as gases in the air or the surrounding fixtures), it may be a cause of fire or electric shock.

#### 3.4 Use in potentially explosive atmospheres

1) ATEX 114 (2014/34/EU) - The pump models listed in the Declaration of Conformity may be used in some potentially explosive atmospheres. Pumps must be used in an environment which comply with the marking. Otherwise pumps can be the source of ignition.



The pump models listed on the Declaration of Conformity are marked on the type plate. (Fig. 3.4)

- 2) Always connect a ground wire, which must be attached to the pump. When removing the pump from the system, remove the ground wire last. When installing the pump to the system, install the ground wire first.
- 3) Use 4.0 mm<sup>2</sup> minimum ground wire.
- 4) Make sure that the pump is serviced according the appropriate service instructions, by a qualified repair station. Use only original Yamada parts for servicing. Use of non-original parts will make the ATEX certification no longer valid.
- 5) No modifications or changes to the pump are allowed, this will make the ATEX certification no longer valid.

### **↑** WARNING

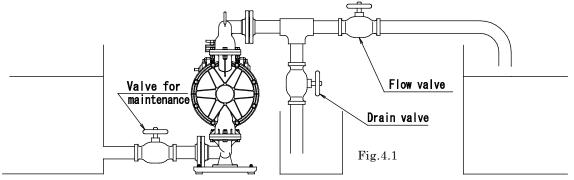


- Be sure to connect ground wires to the connected piping and any other connected equipment. For details, see the applicable operating caution on P.3. Do not operate the pump without a ground wire or otherwise not properly grounded, friction caused by some fluids flowing inside the casing may generate static electricity. Also, depending on the type of fluid being pumped and the installation environment (such as gases in the air or the surrounding fixtures), it may become an ignition source, resulting in a possible explosion.
- Be careful when using tools at or in the environment of the pump. Dropping of metal objects or tools on the pump can cause impact sparks, resulting in an explosion if explosive gas is present.
- Make sure that the pump is serviced according the appropriate service instruction, by a qualified repair station. Use only original Yamada parts for servicing. Use of non-original parts will make the Ex approval invalid. Doing so can result in dangerous situations, resulting in an explosion if explosive gas is present.
- No modifications or changes to the pump are allowed, this will make the Ex approval invalid. Doing so can result in dangerous situations, resulting in an explosion if explosive gas is present.

#### 4. Connection

#### 4.1 Connecting fluid piping

- 1) Connect a flow valve and a drain valve to the fluid discharge port of the pump.
- 2) Connect a valve for maintenance to the fluid suction intake port of the pump.
- 3) Connect a hose to the valve on the suction-port side and the valve of the discharge-port side of the pump.
- 4) Connect a hose on the suction-side intake and the discharge-port side to the respective vessels.



### **↑** CAUTION



• Use a flexible hose to absorb pump vibration, and ground the hose.



• Make sure that there will be no external force on any connection part of the pump. Be especially careful not to have the pump support part of the weight of the hose and the piping.



• Use a sturdy hose that will not collapse under the strong suction of the pump. Also, make sure the hose is of more than sufficient pressure rating.



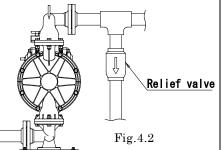
• Use a hose of a diameter the same as or larger than the pump's ports. If you use a hose of smaller diameter, the pump's performance will be adversely affected, and it may even malfunction.



• When pumping a fluid that contains slurry, verify that the particle size is below the slurry limitation (see "10.1 Main specifications"). If it exceeds the limitation of slurries indicated in the main specifications, attach a strainer to the pump to stop larger particles. Otherwise, such particles may cause a malfunction.



• If, depending upon the place of pump installation, the volume of the pumped fluid changes drastically, install a relief valve on the discharge side, and bring the pressure down below the maximum permissible value. If, owing to a change in the volume of fluid, the pressure inside the pump exceeds the maximum permissible pressure, it may cause damage.





 Keep a vessel below the relief valve to catch any drain off.



• When testing piping for leakage, do NOT apply pressure to the pump's inlet and outlet sides with compressed air from outside. It may cause abnormal breakage to the diaphragm or the switching portion. When testing the piping, either install a valve between the pump's suction inlet and the discharge outlet and piping, or disconnect the pump from the piping and install plugs so that there will be no pressure from outside.



• In our product inspection, clean water is used. To prevent mixture of dirty water into the fluid to be pumped, clean the inside of the pump before finishing installation work.



• When installing a standby pump or two pumps in parallel from, be sure to provide a valve on each of the IN and OUT sides and perform pump switching by using the liquid material valve. If the valve of the stop-side pump is open, the diaphragm will be inverted by the discharge pressure of the operating-side pump, resulting in damage in an early stage.

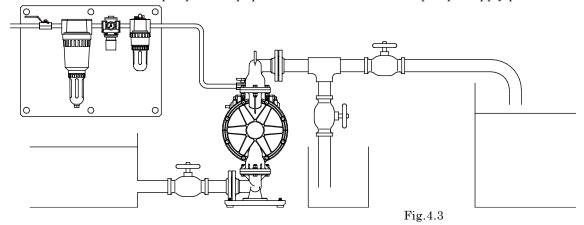
#### 4.2 Connecting air piping

### **⚠** WARNING



· Before starting work, make sure that the air compressor is shut off.

- 1) Connect an air valve, air filter, regulator and if necessary lubricator (hereinafter called the "peripheral equipment") to hose which connected to compressor.
  - Install air valve on the air inlet of the pump. See <NOTE> for the details.
- 2) Install these peripheral items supported by brackets, etc., near the pump.
- 3) Connect the hose from the peripheral equipment to the air valve of the pump's supply port.



### **⚠** CAUTION



Use a flexible hose to absorb pump vibration, and ground the hose.



• Make sure that there will be no external force on any connection part of the pump. Be especially careful not to have the pump support part of the weight of the hose and the piping.



• The piping and the peripheral equipment may become clogged with sludge. Clean the inside of the piping for 10 to 20 seconds before connecting it to the pump.



- · Be sure to sufficiently ground the piping and peripheral equipment.
- · For the NDP-H series, lubrication is required.

#### <NOTE>

- Air piping size should be equal to the inlet port of the pump to supply enough air to run the pump. The air compressor should be able to provide adequate air flow to the pump. Attach the compressor as close as possible to the pump, considering operability and stability of air pressure.
- If you use a solenoid valve as the air valve, be sure it is a three-way valve. When the valve is closed, the internal compressed air of the pump will be released, and this will switch the spool to its normal position.
- · Use of a coupler for the connection part of each hose will make operation and maintenance easier.
- If you use the pump intermittently the pump will not require lubrication. However lubrication is recommended if running the pump continuously for long periods or using very dry air or at high temperatures. This will guarantee the life of the pumps seals.
  - \*High temperature operation: When transferring liquid whose temperature exceeds 70 °C
  - \*Continuous operation: When the pump operates continuously for longer than 1 hour and is stopped for less than 15 minutes.
  - \*Lubrication: Use only turbine oil Class 1 grade oil (equivalent to ISO VG 32), under the following conditions; Oil concentration at 50 mg/m³, Absolute pressure at 0.1 MPa. Maximum temperature of 20 °C and Humidity at 65 %.

#### 5. Operation

#### 5.1 Method of operation

### **⚠** CAUTION



· Before starting the pump, make sure that all piping is properly connected.



• Also, before starting the pump, make sure that all the bolts are securely tightened. (Refer to the maintenance manual for the bolts that a regulation torque are explained.)



• Make sure that the air valve, regulator and the drain valve on the discharge side are closed. Also, make sure that the valve on the suction side is opened.

- 1) Start the air compressor.
- 2) Open the air valve in front of each piece of peripheral equipment, and adjust the supply air pressure with a regulator to within the permissible range (see "10.1 Main specifications").
- 3) Open the flow valve on the discharge side.
- 4) Press the RESET button (NDP-H series is excluded), and then slowly open the air valve of the pump.
- 5) First, verify that fluid is flowing inside the piping and is being pumped to the discharge side, and then fully open the air valve.
- 6) Again adjust the supply air pressure with a regulator to within the permissible range (see "10.1 Main specifications").

### **⚠** CAUTION



Do NOT open the air valve suddenly.



• In case of use lubricator, must be used turbine oil none addition class 1 turbine oil (equivalent ISO VG32 grade) for lubricants. Do not apply lubricants more than required and also do not use any other lubricants, which designated on this instruction manual. This may cause of pump problem and there is danger of serious bodily damage.

#### 5.2 Flow adjustment

• Adjust the flow valve on the discharge side. For the relationship among the flow, supply air pressure and discharge pressure, see "10.3 Performance curve".

### **⚠** CAUTION



• As you start closing the flow valve, the supply air pressure may rise. Make sure that the pressure is kept within the normal operating range (see "10.1 Main specifications").



Depending upon the viscosity and specific gravity of the fluid, the suction stroke and other conditions, the permissible suction flow speed of fluid into the pump will vary; however, if the pump speed (flow speed of fluid) increases greatly, cavitation will occur, and this not only will reduce pump performance, but it may cause a malfunction. Adjust the supply air pressure as well as the flow in order to prevent cavitation.



• If fluid is not discharged after you start the pump, or if you hear an abnormal noise or notice any irregularity, shut down the pump immediately (see "8. Troubleshooting").

#### 5.3 Shutdown

• Close the air valve of the pump and shut off the supply air.

### **⚠** CAUTION



• There is no problem in shutting down the pump with the flow valve closed while air is being supplied; however, if this condition continues for many hours while there is nobody watching the pump, it may continue running when there is a leak from the pump or piping, and fluid may continue flowing out of the position of leakage. Upon finishing your work, release the internal pressure from the pump and close the air valve (see "5.4 Releasing the pressure").



• When the pump is shut down while pumping slurry, particulate matter contained in the slurry will be deposited and get stuck inside the out chamber. If the pump is started again as-is, the diaphragm may be damaged or the center disk may be overloaded, and this may cause damage such as bending of the center rod. After finishing your work, purge the remaining fluid from the pump (see "6. Method of cleaning").

#### 5.4 Releasing the pressure

- 1) Make sure that the air valve of the pump is closed.
- 2) Shut down the air compressor or close the valve on the air-supply side of the peripheral equipment.
- 3) Close the flow valve on the discharge side, start slowly opening the drain valve, and discharge the fluid under pressure.
- 4) Open the air valve of the pump, start running the pump, and discharge the remaining air.
- 5) After making sure that the pump has been shut down and the pressure has been released, fully open the regulator, and close the air valve and drain valve of the pump.

### **↑**CAUTION



· Keep a vessel below the relief valve to catch any drain off.



· Fluid under pressure will gush out as soon as you open the valve, so be careful.



• If the pump will be unused for a prolonged period, purge and clean the pump (see the Operating caution on P.3).

#### 6. Method of cleaning

### **⚠** WARNING



- · Before starting operation, make sure that compressed air is not supplied to the pump.
- 0
- · Before starting operation, make sure that the pump is not pressurized.
- 1) Remove the hose from the suction side of the pump.
- 2) Close the flow valve on the discharge side, open the drain valve, and then operate a pump by starting air pressure for a while to discharge any fluid remaining inside the pump as much as possible.
- 3) Remove the hose from the discharge side, and attach different hoses to the suction side and the discharge side for cleaning.
- 4) Be ready with a vessel with cleaning solution, select cleaning solution appropriate for the type of fluid pumped, and then connect the suction-side and the discharge-side hoses of the pump.
- 5) Operate a pump by starting air pressure slowly, and let the cleaning solution circulate for sufficient cleaning.
- 6) Finally, flush with clean water.
- 7) Remove the hose from the suction side of the pump, run the pump for a while and purge the pump of remaining fluid as much as possible.

### **↑** CAUTION



· Be careful when removing piping. Fluid will gush out.



· After cleaning with clean water, turn the pump upside-down to drain out the water.

#### 7. Daily check

- Before starting pump operation, be sure to conduct the following check every day. If any irregularity is found, do NOT start running the pump until the cause of the irregularity has been found and corrective measures have been taken.
- a) Verify the drain flow through the air filter.
- b) In case using a lubricator, verify the quantity of lubricating oil.
- c) Make sure that there is no leakage of fluid from any connection part or the pump.
- d) Make sure that there are no cracks in the pump casing or piping.
- e) Check the tightness of every bolt of the pump and retighten if necessary. For details, see the maintenance manual.
- f) Make sure that the connection parts of the piping and peripheral equipment are not loose.
- g) Make sure that each consumable parts of the pump has not been inspected or replaced. For details, see the maintenance manual.

#### 8. Troubleshooting

8.1 Pump does not run

Cause	Action to be taken
The exhaust port (silencer) of pump is clogged with sludge.	Check and clean the exhaust port and silencer.
Air is not supplied.	Start the compressor, and open the air valve and air regulator.
The supply air pressure is low.	Check the compressor and the configuration of air piping.
Air leaks from connection parts.	Check the connection parts and tightness of bolts.
Air piping or peripheral equipment is clogged with sludge.	Check and clean the air piping.
The flow valve on the discharge side is not open.	Open the flow valve on the discharge side.
The spool stopped in neutral position. (NDP-H series is excluded)	Press the RESET button.
The fluid piping is clogged with sludge.	Check and clean the fluid piping.
The pump is clogged with sludge.	Disassemble the casing, check and clean.

8.2 Pump runs, but fluid does not come out

Cause	Action to be taken		
The suction lift or discharge head is long.	Confirm the piping configuration and shorten the length.		
The discharge-side fluid piping (including the	Check and clean the fluid piping.		
strainer) is clogged with sludge.			
The valve on the suction side is not open.	Open the valve on the suction side.		
The pump is clogged with sludge.	Disassemble the casing, check and clean.		
The ball and valve seat are worn out or damaged.	Disassemble the manifold, check and replace parts.		

8.3 Flow (discharge volume) decreased

Cause	Action to be taken
The supply air pressure is low.	Check the compressor and configuration of air
	piping.
Air piping or peripheral equipment is clogged with sludge.	Check and clean the air piping.
The discharge-side flow valve opens differently.	Adjust the discharge-side flow valve.
Air is taken in together with fluid.	Replenish fluid and check the configuration of the suction-side piping.
Cavitation occurs.	Adjust the supply air pressure and discharge pressure, and shorten the suction lift.
Chattering occurs.	Adjust the supply air pressure and discharge pressure. Reduce inlet flow valve to adjusting liquid pressure and volume.
Icing on air-switching portion.	Eliminate ice from air-switching valve and check and clean the air filter. Use external exhaust hose to control exhaust air speed. (Refer Fig.3.2)
The fluid piping (including the strainer) is clogged with sludge.	Check and clean the fluid piping and strainer.
The exhaust port (silencer) of the pump is clogged with sludge.	Check and clean the exhaust port and silencer.
The pump is clogged with sludge.	Disassemble the casing, check and clean.

8.4 Liquid leakage from exhaust port (silencer)

Cause	Action to be taken
The diaphragm is damaged.	Disassemble and check the pump and replace the
	diaphragm.
The fastening nuts for the center disk are loose.	Disassemble and check the pump.
	Tighten the nuts.

8.5 High air consumption during operation (NDP-H series is excluded)

Cause	Action to be taken
The seal ring and sleeve are worn out.	Disassemble the air-switch portion, check and
	clean. Replace parts as necessary.

8.6 Irregular noise

Cause	Action to be taken
The supply air pressure too high.	Adjust the supply air pressure.
The spool oscillates (NDP-H series is excluded),	Adjust the supply air pressure and discharge
and occur ball chattering.	pressure. Reduce inlet flow valve to adjusting
	liquid pressure and volume.
The pump is clogged with sludge with particles of	Disassemble the casing, check and clean.
larger than the permissible diameter.	

8.7 Irregular vibration

Cause	Action to be taken
The supply air pressure is too high.	Adjust the supply air pressure.
The spool oscillates (NDP-H series is excluded),	Adjust the supply air pressure and exhaust
and occur ball chattering.	pressure.
Connection parts and pump mounting are loose.	Check each connection part and tighten the bolts.

- If disassembly is required, refer to the maintenance manual and follow with the instructions.
- If any of the above mentioned causes does not apply to your problem, contact your dealer or our regional office.

#### 9. Returning the product for servicing

#### 9.1 Before returning the product

- 1) Purge the pump of fluid and clean (see "6. Method of cleaning").
- 2) Return the product in the same package as when it was first shipped from the factory.

### ⚠ WARNING



• It will be the end-user responsibility to thoroughly wash a clean the pumps to prevent accidents caused by liquid leaks.

## **⚠** CAUTION



· Be sure to prevent liquid leak from pump for safe transport.

#### 10. Main body specification

#### 10.1 Main specifications

#### ■ NDP-20 series

Туре		NDP-20					
		$BA\square$	BAT	BS□	BST	BP□	BPT
Nominal Diameter		3/4" (20 mm)					
Fluid	Suction Port		Re 3/4			Rc 3/4 or Equivalent to DIN flange	
Connection	Discharge port						PN10
Air	Supply Port			Rc	1/4		
Connection	Exhaust Port			Rc	3/4		
Operating Air	r Pressure		0.2 - 0	.7 MPa		0.2 - 0.7	′ MPa *1
Maximum Di	scharge Pressure		0.7	MPa		0.7 M	[Pa *1
Discharge Vol	lume/cycle*2	350 mL	240 mL	350 mL	240 mL	350 mL	240 mL
Maximum Dia	Maximum Discharge Volume		100 L/min	110 L/min	100 L/min	110 L/min	100 L/min
Maximum Air Consumption		1200 L/min(ANR)	1400 L/min(ANR)	1200 L/min(ANR)	1400 L/min(ANR)	1200 L/min(ANR)	1400 L/min(ANR)
Slurry Limita	ntion	2 mm or less					
Limitation of	Viscosity	Suction Lift 3Pa·s or below Force In 8Pa·s or below					
	Temp.Ambient	0 - 70 °C					
Operating Temperature Range Temp.Liquid		Diaphragm materials				60 °C	
A-weighted emission sound pressure level*3		82 dB			84 dB		
A-weighted sound power level*4		96 dB			94 dB		
Weight		9.0	kg	14.0	0 kg	8.0	kg

■ NDP-25 (metal type) series

Type				NDI	P-25		
Type		BA□	BAT	$BS\square$	BST	$BF\square$	BFT
Nominal Diameter		1″ (25 mm)					
Fluid Connection	Suction Port Discharge Port	Rc 1					
Air	Supply Port			Rc	3/8		
Connection	Exhaust Port			Rc	3/4		
Operating Air					.7 MPa		
Maximum Dis	charge Pressure			0.7	MPa		
Discharge Vol	ume/cycle *2	600 mL	500 mL	600 mL	500 mL	600 mL	500 mL
Maximum Dis	charge Volume	160L/min					
Maximum Air Consumption		1600 L/min(ANR)	1800 L/min(ANR)	1600 L/min(ANR)	1800 L/min(ANR)	1600 L/min(ANR)	1800 L/min(ANR)
Slurry Limita	tion	3 mm or less					
Limitation of	Viscosity	Suction Lift 3Pa·s or below Force In 8Pa·s or below					
	Temp.Ambient	0 - 70 °C					
Operating Temperature Range Temp.Liquid		Diaphragm ma NBR/C TPEE/EPDI FKM/TPO/PTI	CR : 0 - 70 ° M : 0 - 80 °	C			
A-weighted emission sound pressure level*3		81 dB					
A-weighted so level* <sup>4</sup>	und power	92 dB					
Weight		13	kg	20	kg	20	kg

<sup>\*1.</sup> Maximum air pressure for non-metallic pumps decreases with temperature (see 33 page of "Temperature Pressure Curve").

<sup>\*2.</sup> Discharge Volume/cycle is highly dependent on application. Contact your local distributor or Yamada for more information.

<sup>\*3.</sup> The measuring method is based on ISO 1996.

<sup>\*4.</sup> The measuring method is based on ISO 3744.

■ NDP-25 (plastic type) series

m			ND:	P-25			
Туре		$BP\square$ $BPT$ $BV\square$ $BVT$					
Nominal Diam	neter	1″ (25 mm)					
Fluid Connection	Suction Port Discharge Port	Rc 1 or Equivalent to DIN flange DN25 PN10					
Air	Supply Port		Rc	3/8			
Connection	Exhaust Port		Rc	3/4			
Operating Air	Pressure*1		0.2 - 0.	.7 MPa			
Maximum* <sup>1</sup> Discharge Pressure		0.7 MPa					
Discharge Volu	ume/cycle*2	600 mL	500 mL	600 mL	500 mL		
Maximum Dise	charge Volume		160 L/min				
Maximum Air	Consumption	1600 L/min(ANR)	1800 L/min(ANR)	1600 L/min(ANR)	1800 L/min(ANR)		
Slurry Limitat	tion	3 mm or less					
Limitation of	Viscosity	Suction Lift 3Pa·s or below Force In 8Pa·s or below					
Operating	Temp.Ambient		0 - 7	70 °C			
Temperature Range	Temp.Liquid	0 - 60 °C					
A-weighted emission sound pressure level*3		86 dB					
A-weighted sound power level*4		96 dB					
Weight		11.0	kg	13.	5 kg		

#### ■NDP-32 series

m		NI	)P-32			
Type		BAN	BAT			
Fluid Suction Port		Rc 1·1/2				
Connection	Discharge Port	Rc 1·1/4				
Air	Supply Port	Ro	c 3/8			
Connection	Exhaust Port	Ro	c 3/4			
Operating Air	r Pressure	0.2 -	0.7 MPa			
Maximum Discharge Pressure		0.7 MPa				
Discharge Volume/cycle*2		670 mL	560 mL			
Maximum Discharge Volume		190 L/min	165 L/min			
Maximum Air Consump	tion	2000 L/min (ANR)				
Slurry Limita		3 mm or less				
Limitation of	Viscosity	Suction Lift 3Pa·s or below Force In 8Pa·s or below				
Operating	Temp.Ambient	0 -	70 °C			
Temperature Range	Temp.Liquid	0 - 70 °C	0 - 100 °C			
A-weighted emission sound pressure level*4		81 dB				
A-weighted sound power level*5		98	95 dB			
Weight		12	$12.0~\mathrm{kg}$			

<sup>\*1.</sup> Maximum air pressure for non-metallic pumps decreases with temperature (see 33 page of "Temperature Pressure Curve").

<sup>\*2.</sup> Discharge Volume/cycle is highly dependent on application. Contact your local distributor or Yamada for more information.

<sup>\*3.</sup> The measuring method is based on ISO 1996.

<sup>\*4.</sup> The measuring method is based on ISO 3744.

#### ■NDP-40 series

						NDP-40					
Туре		$BA\square$	BAT	$BS\square$	BST	$BF\square$	BFT	$BP\Box,BV\Box$	BPT, BVT		
			BATU		BSTU		BFTU		BPTU, BVTU		
Nominal Diame	eter				1.1	1/2" (40 mm)					
Fluid Connection	Suction Port Discharge Port	Equivalent to DIN flange DN40 PN10		Equivalent to DIN flange DN40 PN10		Rc 1·1/2		Equivalent to DIN flang DN40 PN10			
Air	Supply Port	& Rc	1.1/2			Rc 1/2					
Connection	Exhaust Port					Rc 1					
Operating Air 1				02-0	.7 MPa	IIC I		0.2 - 0	7 MPa *1		
1 0	harge Pressure				MPa				MPa *1		
Maximum Suct	ion Lift	5.2 m	3.2 m	5.2 m	3.2 m	5.2 m	3.2 m	5.9 m	2.9 m		
Discharge Volume/cycle*2		1900 mL	1000 mL 950 mL	1900 mL	1000 mL 950 mL	1900 mL	1000 mL 950 mL	2000 mL	1100 mL 1000 mL		
Maximum Discharge Volume		350 L/min	320 L/min 330 L/min	350 L/min	320 L/min 330 L/min	350 L/min	320 L/min 330 L/min	350 L/min	320 L/min 330 L/min		
		Вл	A□, BAT, BS	BP□, BPT, BV□, BVT: 4900 L/min(ANR)							
Maximum Air (	Consumption		BATU, I	BPTU, BVTU: 5000 L/min(ANR)							
Slurry Limitati	ion	7 mm or less									
Limitation of V	iscosity	Suction Lift 3Pa·s or below Force In 8Pa·s or below									
Operating	Temp.Ambient	0 - 70 °C									
Temperature Range	Temp.Liquid		materials R/CR : 0 - 7 PTFE : 0 -	0 - 60 °C							
A-weighted emission sound pressure level*3		98 dB									
A-weighted sound power level*4						106 dB		•			
Weight		27.2 kg	26.7 kg	43.0 kg	41.7 kg	47.4 kg	46.2 kg	BP□, BPT : 27.2 kg BV□, BVT : 32.2 kg			
			9	20.1 Ng   40.0 Ng			10.2 Ng	BPTU: 26.2 kg BVTU: 31.2 kg			

#### ■ NDP-H40 series

Type					NDP	-H40				
Type		$BA\square$	BAT	$BS\square$	BST	$BF\square$	BFT	$BP\square$	BPT	
Nominal Diame	ter				1.1/2" (	40 mm)				
Fluid Connection	Suction Port Discharge Port	flange Dl	Equivalent to DIN  flange DN40 PN10  & Rc 1·1/2  Equivalent to DIN  flange DN40 PN10  Rc 1·1/2			nt to DIN N40 PN10				
Air	Supply Port				Re	1/2		_		
Connection	Exhaust Port				Re	3/4				
Operating Air P	ressure*2	0.1 · 0.85 MPa	0.15 · 0.7 MPa	0.1 · 0.85 MPa	0.15 · 0.7 MPa	0.1 · 0.85 MPa	0.15 · 0.7 MPa	0.1 · 0.7 MPa *1	0.15 · 0.7 MPa *1	
Allowable Air p	ressure	0.9 MPa		0.9 MPa		0.9 MPa				
Maximum Disch	narge Pressure	0.85 MPa	0.7 MPa	0.85 MPa	0.7 MPa	0.85 MPa	0.7 MPa	0.7 N	IPa *1	
Maximum Suction Lift Capability (Dry)		4.5 m	2.8 m	4.5 m	2.8 m	4.5 m	2.8 m	4.6 m	2.5 m	
Discharge Volum	ne/cycle*2	2100 mL	1100 mL	2100 mL	1100 mL	2100 mL	1100 mL	1800 mL	1100 mL	
Maximum Disch	narge Volume	340 L/min	300 L/min	340 L/min	300 L/min	340 L/min	300 L/min	330 L/min	290 L/min	
Maximum Air C	Consumption	4000 L/min(ANR) 3500 3900 L/min(ANR) L/min(A								
Slurry Limitation	on				7 mm	or less				
Limitation of Vi	scosity			S		3Pa·s or belov Pa·s or below	W			
0	Temp.Ambient				0 - 7	70 °C				
Operating Temperature Range	Temp.Liquid	Diaphragm materials NBR/CR : 0 - 70 °C TPEE/EPDM : 0 - 80 °C FKM/TPO/PTFE : 0 - 100 °C							60 °C	
A-weighted emission sound pressure level*3			91 dB							
	nd power level*4			104	dB			103	3 dB	
Weight		$26.2~\mathrm{kg}$	24.7  kg	$41.5~\mathrm{kg}$	$40.2~\mathrm{kg}$	$44.2~\mathrm{kg}$	43.0 kg	24.	2 kg	

<sup>\*1.</sup> Maximum air pressure for non-metallic pumps decreases with temperature (see 33 page of "Temperature Pressure Curve").

<sup>\*2.</sup> Discharge Volume/cycle is highly dependent on application. Contact your local distributor or Yamada for more information.

<sup>\*3.</sup> The measuring method is based on ISO 1996.

<sup>\*4</sup>. The measuring method is based on ISO 3744.

#### NDP-50 series

	ou series	1								
						NDP-50				
Type		$BA\square$	BAT	$BS\square$	BST	$_{ m BF}\square$	BFT	$BP\square,BV\square$	BPT, BVT	
			BATU		BSTU		BFTU		BPTU, BVTU	
Nominal Diame	eter					2" (50 mm)				
	Suction Port	Equivaler	nt to DIN			(30 11111)				
Fluid Connection	Discharge Port	flange DN & F	N50 PN10		nt to DIN N50 PN10	Ro	e 2	Equivalent to DIN flange DN PN10		
Air	Supply Port					Rc 3/4		•		
Connection	Exhaust Port					Rc 1				
Operating Air l	Pressure				.7 MPa				7 MPa *1	
Maximum Disc	harge Pressure			0.7	MPa			0.7 M	IPa *1	
Discharge Volu	me/cycle*2	4300 mL	2500 mL 1800 mL	4300 mL	2500 mL 1800 mL	4300 mL	2500 mL 1800 mL	4300 mL	2100 mL 2000 mL	
		660	600 L/min	660	600 L/min	660	600 L/min	600	550 L/min	
Maximum Disc	harge Volume	L/min	630 L/min	L/min	630 L/min	L/min	630 L/min	L/min	600 L/min	
3.6	a	BA	A□, BAT, BS	BP□, BPT, BV□, BVT: 6000 L/min(ANR)						
Maximum Air (	Consumption		BATU, 1	BPTU, BVTU: 5600 L/min(ANR)						
Slurry Limitati	ion				8	mm or less				
Limitation of V	iscosity	Suction Lift 3Pa·s or below Force In 8Pa·s or below								
Operating	Temp.Ambient	0 - 70 °C								
Temperature Range	Temp.Liquid		materials R/CR : 0 - 7 PTFE : 0 -		0 - 60 °C					
A-weighted emission sound pressure level*3				100 dB						
A-weighted sou	ind power level*4			110	dB			110 dB		
Weight		34.5 kg	32.5 kg 33.5 kg	62 kg	58.5 kg 59.5 kg	65 kg	61.5 kg 62.5 kg		BPTU: 35 kg BVTU: 41 kg	

#### NDP-H50 series

NDP-H50	series	•									
Туре			1	1		DP-H50	1	r	1		
1990		$BA\Box$	BAT	$BS\square$	BST	$\mathrm{BF}\square$	BFT	$BP\square,BV\square$	BPT,BVT		
Nominal Diame	Nominal Diameter		2" (50 mm)								
Fluid Connection	Discharge		Equivalent to DIN flange DN50 PN10 & Rc 2		Equivalent to DIN flange DN50 PN10		Re 2		to DIN flange PN10		
Air Connection	Supply Port Exhaust Port	-			]	Rc 3/4					
Operating Air Pressure*2		0.1 · 0.85 MPa	0.15 · 0.7 MPa	0.1 · 0.85 MPa	0.15 - 0.7 MPa	0.1 · 0.85 MPa	0.15 · 0.7 MPa	0.1 · 0.7 MPa *1	0.15 - 0.7 MPa *1		
Allowable Air pi	ressure	0.9 MPa		0.9 MPa		0.9 MPa					
Maximum Discharge Pressure		0.85 MPa	0.7 MPa	0.85 MPa	0.7 MPa	0.85 MPa	0.7 MPa	0.71	IPa *1		
Discharge Volur	ne/cycle*2	3500 mL	1300 mL	3500 mL	1300 mL	3500 mL	1300 mL	3500 mL	1300 mL		
Maximum Disch	narge Volume	460 L/min	340 L/min	460 L/min	340 L/min	460 L/min	340 L/min	460 L/min	320 L/min		
Maximum Air C	onsumption	4500 L/min(ANR)	4000 L/min(ANR)	4500 L/min(ANR)	4000 L/min(ANR)	4500 L/min(ANR)	4000 L/min(ANR)	4000 L/min(ANR)	4500 L/min(ANR)		
Slurry Limitatio	on	8 mm or less									
Limitation of Vi	scosity	Suction Lift 3Pa·s or below Force In 8Pa·s or below									
Operating	Temp.Ambient	0 - 70 °C									
Temperature Range	Temp.Liquid		materials R/CR : 0 - 7 PTFE : 0 - 1	0 -	60 °C						
A-weighted emis pressure level*3		93 dB 92 dB							dB		
A-weighted sound power level*4				104	dB				3 dB		
Weight		35.2 kg	33.5 kg	57.5 kg	54 kg	62 kg	$58.5~\mathrm{kg}$	BP□: 34 kg, BV□, B	BPT: 32.5 kg VT: 38 kg		

<sup>\*1.</sup> Maximum air pressure for non-metallic pumps decreases with temperature (see 33 page of "Temperature Pressure Curve").

<sup>\*2.</sup> Discharge Volume/cycle is highly dependent on application. Contact your local distributor or Yamada for more information.

<sup>\*3.</sup> The measuring method is based on ISO 1996.

<sup>\*4.</sup> The measuring method is based on ISO 3744.

#### ■NDP-500 series

Th.			NDP-500					
Type		$_{ m BS}\square$	BST	BSTU				
Nominal Dian	neter	2″ (50 mm)						
Fluid	Suction Port	E . I DIV # DV *0 DV 10						
Connection	Discharge Port	Equivalent to DIN flange DN 50 PN 10						
Air	Supply Port		Rc 3/4					
Connection	Exhaust Port		Rc 1					
Operating Air	Pressure		0.2~0.7 MPa					
Maximum Dis	charge Pressure	0.7 MPa						
Discharge Vol	ume/cycle*2	4300 mL	2400 mL	2000mL				
Maximum Dis	charge Volume	780 L/min	680 L/min	780 L/min				
Maximum Air	Consumption	6400 L/min (ANR)	6900 L/min (ANR)	7000 L/min (ANR)				
Slurry Limita	tion	8 mm or less						
Limitation of	Viscosity	Suction Lift 3Pa·s or below Force In 8Pa·s or below						
Maximum Su Capability (D		6.0 m	3.1 m	2.5 m				
Operating	Temp.Ambient							
Operating Temperature Range	Temp.Liquid	Diaphragm materials NBR/CR : 0 - 70 °C TF FKM/TPO/PTFE : 0 - 100 °C P'						
A-weighted emission sound pressure level*3		97.5 dB						
A-weighted so	und power level *4		107.5 dB					
Weight		60.0 kg	57.8 kg	57.4 kg				

#### ■NDP-H500 series

TD.		NDP	-H500				
Type		BS□ BST					
Nominal Diameter	,	2" (5)	0 mm)				
Fluid Connection	Suction Port Discharge Port	Equivalent to DIN	flange DN 50 PN 10				
Air Connection	Supply Port Exhaust Port	Rc	3/4				
Operating Air Pres	ssure*2	0.1~0.85 MPa	$0.15{\sim}0.7~\mathrm{MPa}$				
Allowable Air pres	sure	0.9 MPa					
Maximum Dischar	ge Pressure	0.85 MPa	0.7 MPa				
Discharge Volume/	cycle*2	3700 mL	2000 mL				
Maximum Dischar	ge Volume	620 L/min	$470~\mathrm{L/min}$				
Maximum Air Con	sumption	4200 L/min (ANR)	4400 L/min (ANR)				
Slurry Limitation		8 mm or less					
Limitation of Visco		Suction Lift 3Pa·s or belo	w Force In 8Pa·s or below				
Maximum Suction Capability (Dry)	n Lift	4.3 m	2.2 m				
Onemating	Temp.Ambient	0~7	70 ℃				
Operating Temperature Range	Temp.Liquid	Diaphragm materials NBR/CR : 0 - 70 °C TPEE/EPDM FKM/TPO/PTFE : 0 - 100 °C PTFE+EPDI					
A-weighted emissi pressure level*3			dB				
A-weighted sound	power level*4		5 dB				
Weight		$57.6~\mathrm{kg}$	$55.4~\mathrm{kg}$				

<sup>\*1.</sup> Maximum air pressure for non-metallic pumps decreases with temperature (see 33 page of "Temperature Pressure Curve").

<sup>\*2.</sup> Discharge Volume/cycle is highly dependent on application. Contact your local distributor or Yamada for more information.

<sup>\*3.</sup> The measuring method is based on ISO 1996.

<sup>\*4.</sup>The measuring method is based on ISO 3744.

#### NDP-80 series

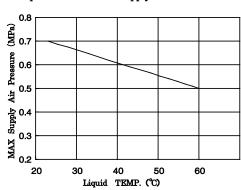
					NDI	P-80				
Туре		$\mathrm{BA}\square$	BAT BATU	$_{ m BS}\square$	BST BSTU	$\mathrm{BF}\square$	BFT BFTU	RP		
Nominal Diam	eter				3 (80 1	3″ mm)				
Fluid Connection	Suction Port Discharge Port	flange DI	Equivalent to DIN flange DN80 PN10 & Rc 3			Rc 3		-	nt to DIN N80 PN10	
Air	Supply Port					3/4				
Connection	Exhaust Port				Ro	: 1		1		
Operating Air					.7 MPa			0.2 - 0.7 MPa *1		
Maximum Disc	charge Pressure		0.7 MPa					0.7 MPa *1		
Discharge Volu	Discharge Volume/cycle *2		3500 mL 5400 mL	8700 mL	3500 mL 5400 mL	8700 mL	3500 mL 5400 mL	8500 mL	3800 mL 5000 mL	
Maximum Disc	Maximum Discharge Volume		630 L/min 860 L/min	810 L/min	630 L/min 860 L/min	810 L/min	630 L/min 860 L/min	800 L/min	580 L/min 800 L/min	
Maximum Air	Consumption	BA□, BAT, BS□, BST, BF□, BFT : 7100 L/min(ANR) BATU, BSTU, BFTU : 6800 L/min(ANR)							nin(ANR)	
Slurry Limitat	ion			,	10 mm			I		
Limitation of V					ction Lift Force In 81					
0 "	Temp.Ambient				0 - 7	'0 °C				
Operating Temperature Range	Temp.Liquid	Diaphragm materials  NBR/CR : 0 - 70 °C TPEE/EPDM : 0 - 80 °C  FKM/TPO/PTFE : 0 - 100 °C PTFE+EPDM : 0 - 90 °C						0 - 6	0 °C	
pressure level*	reighted emission sound 95.5 dB			93 dB						
A-weighted sou	nd power level*4		107 dB						3 dB	
Weight		$62~\mathrm{kg}$	58.5 kg 61 kg	109 kg	101.5 kg 104.0 kg	109.5 kg	101.5 kg 104.0 kg	$65.5~\mathrm{kg}$	61.5 kg 67.5 kg	

#### ■NDP-H80 series

m					NDP-	H80					
Type		$BA\square$	BAT	$BS\square$	BST	$\mathrm{BF}\square$	BFT	BFT BP□ F			
Nominal Diame	eter				3′ (80 1						
Fluid Connection	Suction Port Discharge Port	flange D			ent to DIN N80 PN10	Rc 3		Rc 3		_	ent to DIN N80 PN10
Air Connection	Supply Port Exhaust Port				Re :	3/4					
Operating Air I	Pressure*2	0.1 - 0.85 MPa	0.15 - 0.7 MPa	0.1 · 0.85 MPa	0.15 - 0.7 MPa	0.1 · 0.85 MPa	0.15 - 0.7 MPa	0.1 · 0.7 MPa *1	0.15 · 0.7 MPa *1		
Allowable Air p	ressure	0.9 MPa		0.9 MPa		0.9 MPa					
Maximum Disc	harge Pressure	0.85 MPa	0.7 MPa	0.85 MPa	0.7 MPa	0.85 MPa	0.7 MPa	0.7 MPa *1			
Discharge Volu	me/cycle *2	6400 mL	3100 mL	6400 mL	3100 mL	6400 mL	3100 mL	6400 mL	3100 mL		
Maximum Disc	harge Volume	590 L/min	360 L/min	590 L/min	360 L/min	590 L/min	360 L/min	610 L/min	360 L/min		
Maximum Air (	Consumption				5000 L/m	in(ANR)					
Slurry Limitati	on				10 mm	or less					
Limitation of V	iscosity	Suction Lift 3Pa·s or below Force In 8Pa·s or below									
0	Temp.Ambient				0-70	°C					
Operating Temperature Range	Temp.Liquid	Diaphragm materials NBR/CR : 0 - 70 °C TPEE/EPDM : 0 - 80 °C FKM/TPO/PTFE : 0 - 100 °C							30 °C		
A-weighted emis pressure level*3				90	90 dB 84 dB			dB			
A-weighted sour	nd power level*4			97	dB			95 dB			
Weight		$61.7~\mathrm{kg}$	59.2  kg	99 kg	91.4 kg	109 kg	101 kg	$67.5~\mathrm{kg}$	$65.5~\mathrm{kg}$		

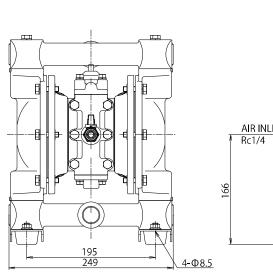
- \*1. Maximum air pressure for non-metallic pumps decreases with temperature (see 33 page of "Temperature Pressure Curve").
- \*2. Discharge Volume/cycle is highly dependent on application. Contact your local distributor or Yamada for more information.
- ${}^{\star}3$ . The measuring method is based on ISO 1996.
- \*4. The measuring method is based on ISO 3744.

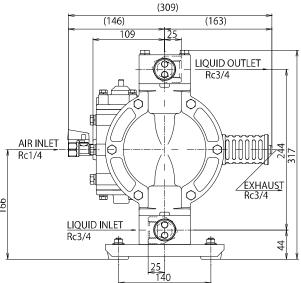
Liquid TEMP.-MAX. Supply Air Pressure Curve



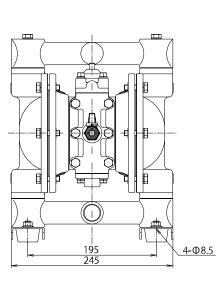
# 10.2 Appearance and dimensions 10.2.1 NDP-20 series

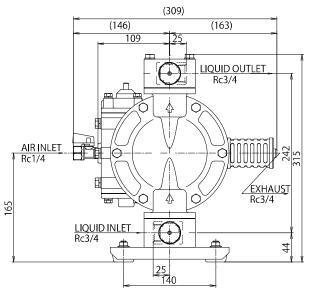
#### ■NDP-20BA□



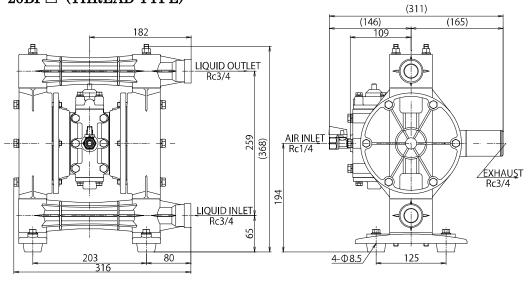


#### ■NDP-20BS□

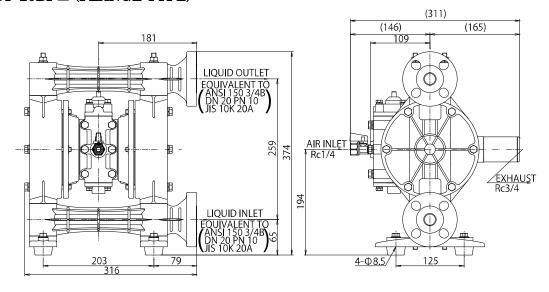




#### ■NDP-20BP□ (THREAD TYPE)

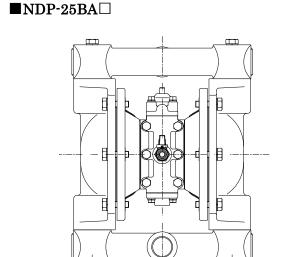


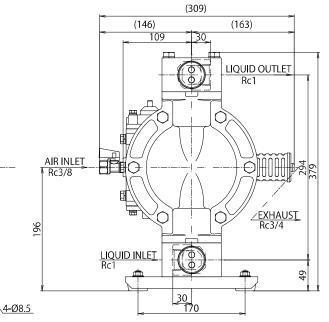
### ■NDP-20BP□ (FLANGE TYPE)

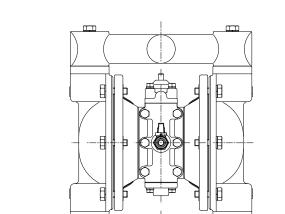


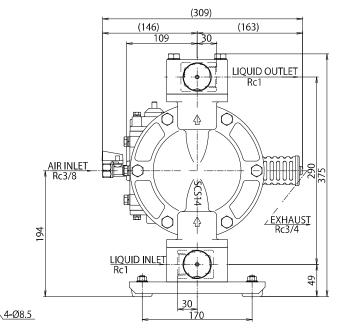


■NDP-25BS□

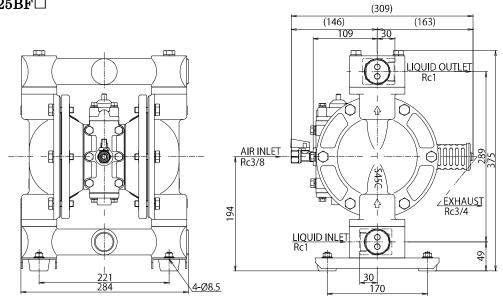




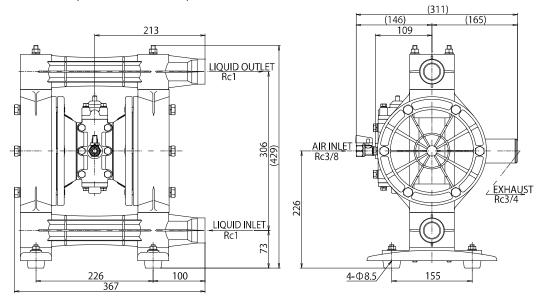




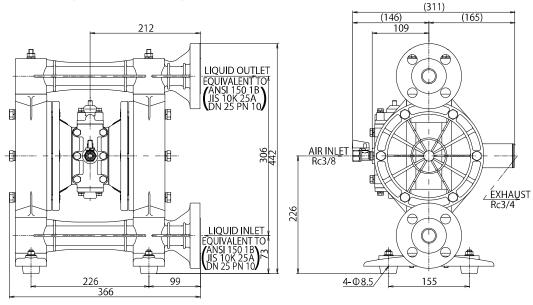
### ■NDP-25BF□



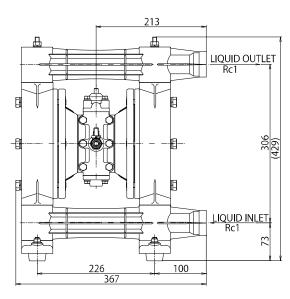
### ■NDP-25BP□ (THREAD TYPE)

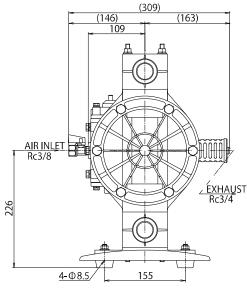


### ■NDP-25BP□ (FLANGE TYPE)

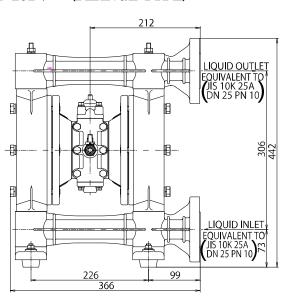


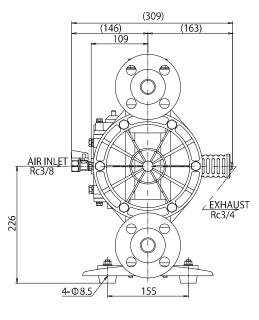
### ■NDP-25BV□ (THREAD TYPE)





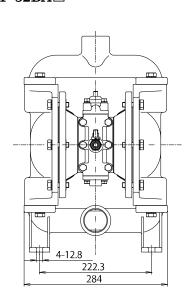
### ■NDP-25BV□ (FLANGE TYPE)

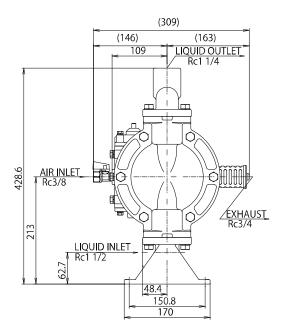




 $10.2.3 \ \text{NDP-}32 \ \text{series}$ 

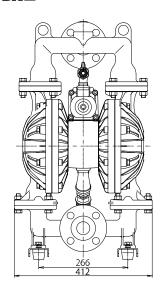
### ■NDP-32BA□

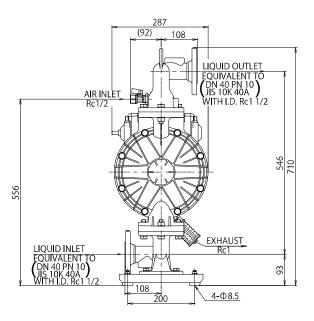




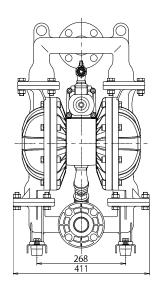
### 10.2.4 NDP-40 series

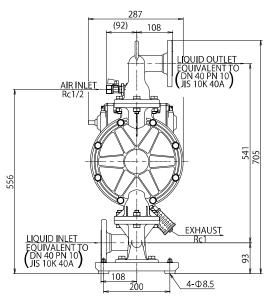
### ■NDP-40BA□



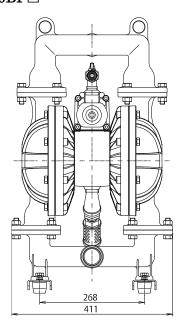


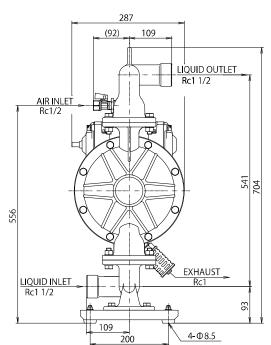
### ■NDP-40BS□



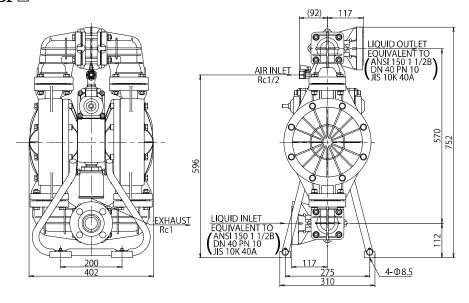


### ■NDP-40BF□

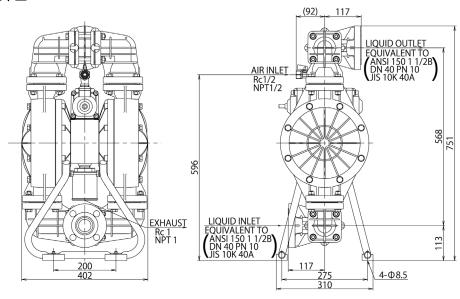


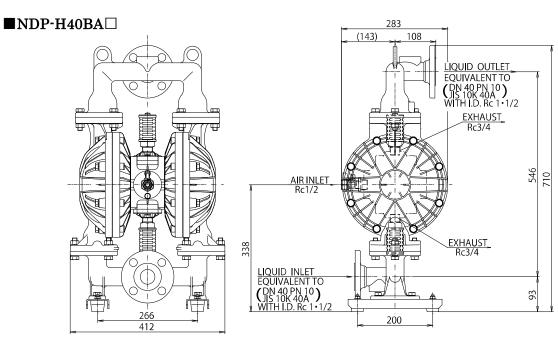


### ■NDP-40BP□

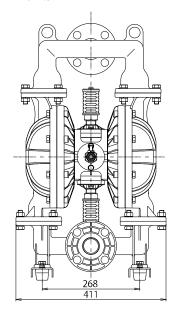


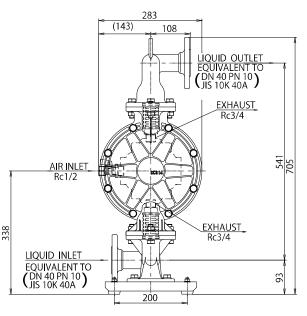
### ■NDP-40BV□



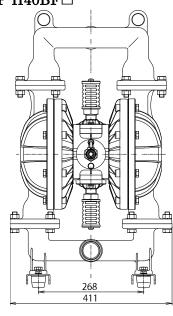


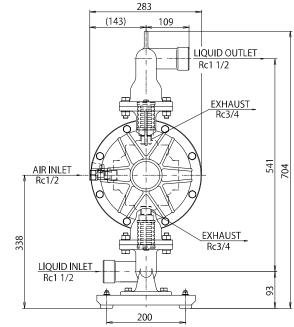
### ■NDP-H40BS□



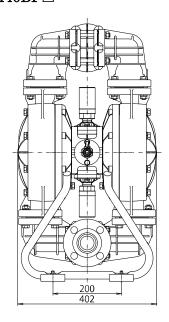


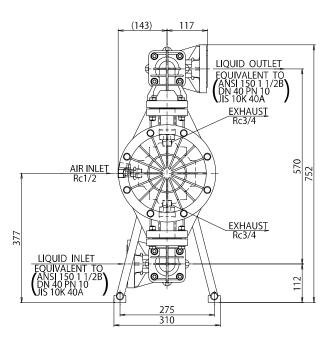
### ■NDP-H40BF□





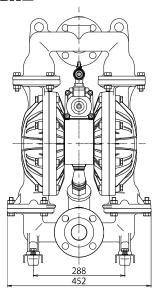
### ■NDP-H40BP□

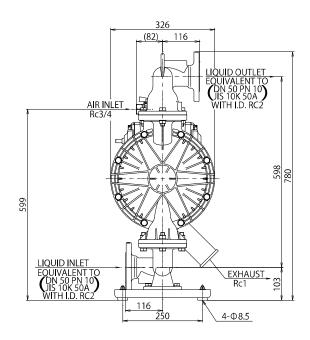




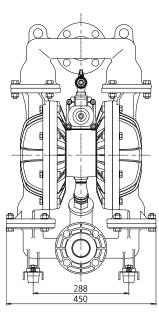
### 10.2.5 NDP-50 series

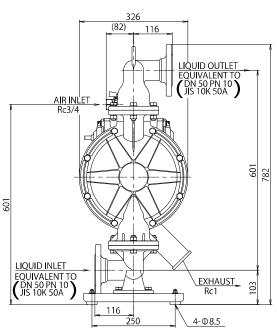
### ■NDP-50BA□



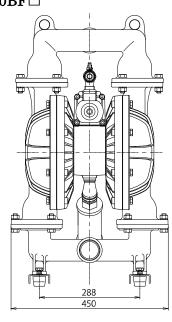


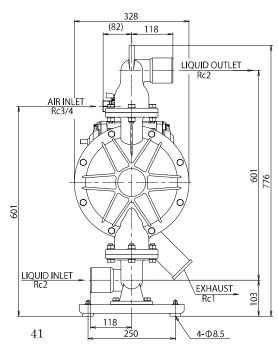
### ■NDP-50BS□



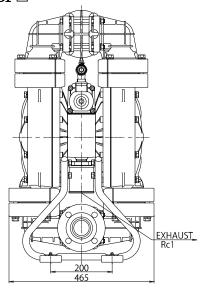


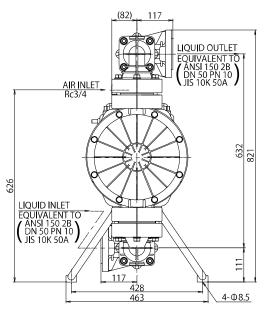
### ■NDP-50BF□



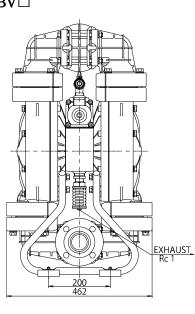


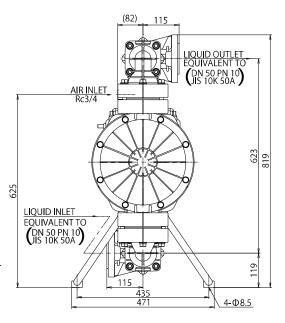
### ■NDP-50BP□



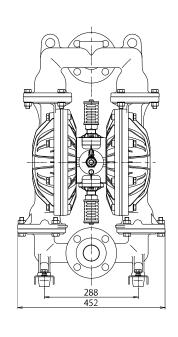


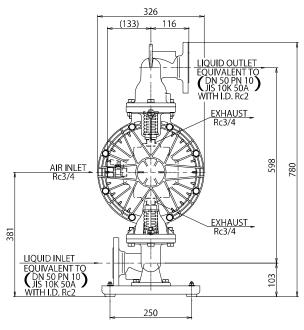
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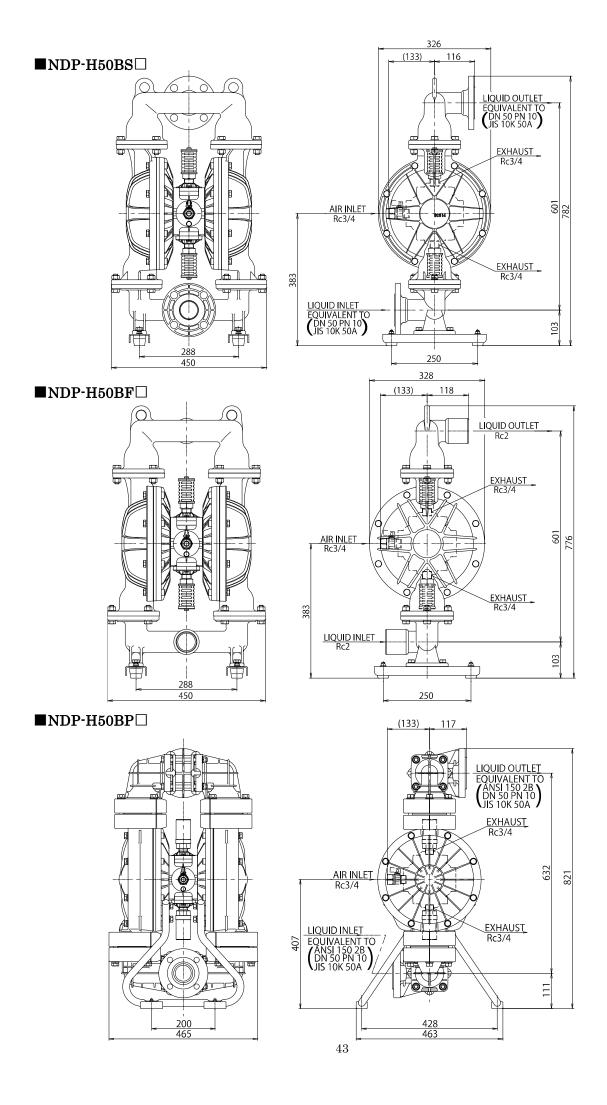




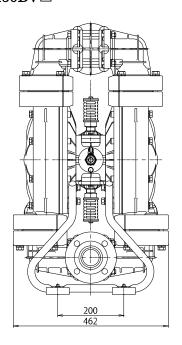
### ■NDP-H50BA□

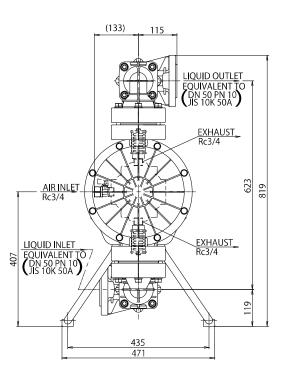






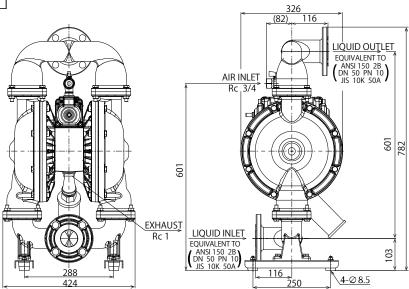
### ■NDP-H50BV□



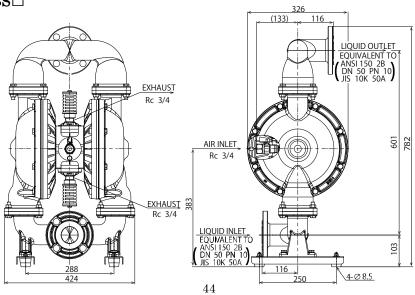


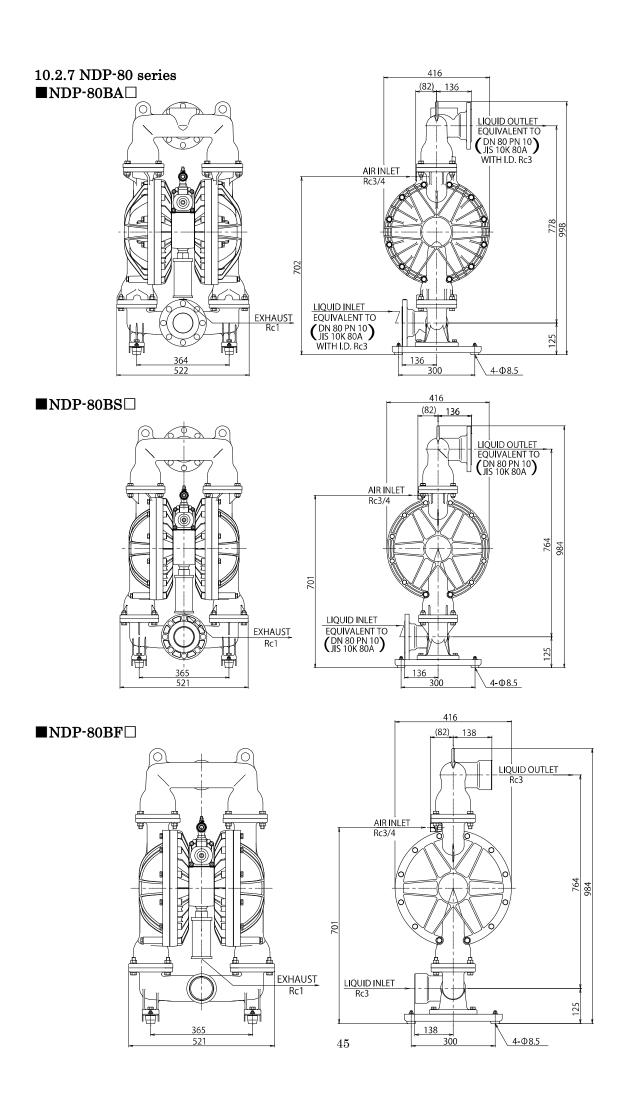
### 10.2.6 NDP-500 series

### ■NDP-500BS□



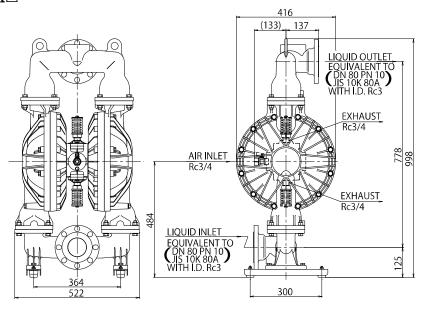
### ■NDP-H500BS□





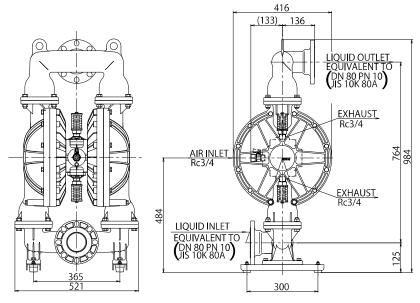
# NDP-80BP AIR INLET RC3/4 AIR INLET EQUIVALENT TO ANSI 150 3B (DN 80 PN 10) JIS 10K 80A RC1 AIR INLET EQUIVALENT TO ANSI 150 3B (DN 80 PN 10) JIS 10K 80A

### ■NDP-H80BA□



4-Φ8.5

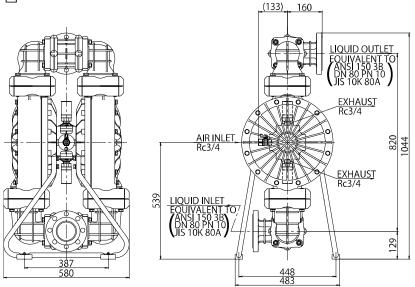
### ■NDP-H80BS□



# ■NDP-H80BF AIR INLET RC3/4 AIR INLET RC3/4 AIR INLET RC3/4 RC3/4 RC3/4 RC3/4 RC3/4 RC3/4 RC3/4

365 521

### ■NDP-H80BP□



300

## **⚠** CAUTION

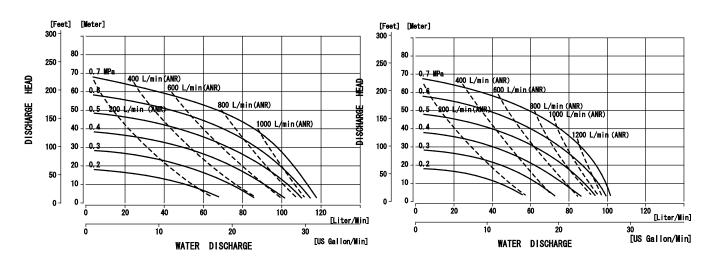
• Due to improvement or modification of products, dimensions may change without notice. Please contact your distributor our regional office for detailed information.

### 10.3 Performance curve

### 10.3.1 NDP-20 series

### ■NDP-20BA□/BS□/BP□

### ■NDP-20BAT/BST/BPT

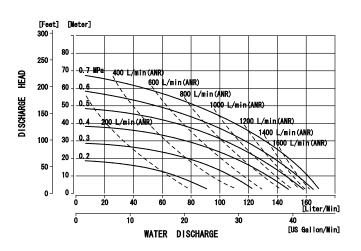


### 10.3.2 NDP-25 series

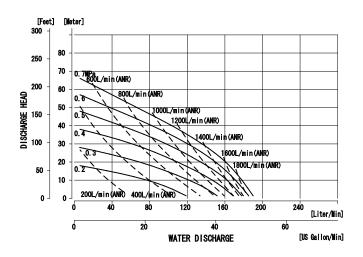
### $\blacksquare$ NDP-25BA $\square$ /BS $\square$ /BF $\square$ /BP $\square$ /BV $\square$

### [Feet] [Meter] 250 0.7 MPa 400 L/min(ANR) L/min(ANR) 200 60 800 L/min (ANR) 0.5 50 1200 L/min(ANR) 150 L/min (ANR) 40 1400 L/min (ANR) 100 30 0.3 20 50 10 0 -20 40 100 120 140 160 [Liter/Nin] 10 20 30 WATER DISCHARGE

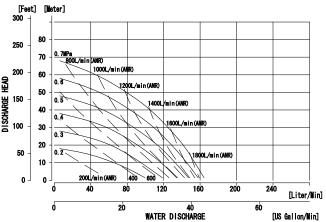
### ■NDP-25BAT/BST/BFT/BPT/BVT



# 10.3.3 NDP-32 series ■ NDP-32BAN

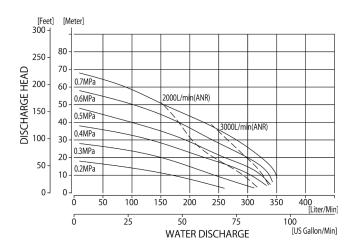


### ■NDP-32BAT

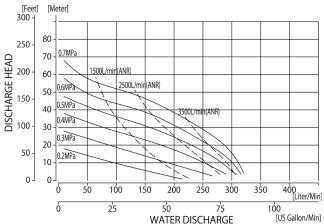


### 10.3.4 NDP-40 series

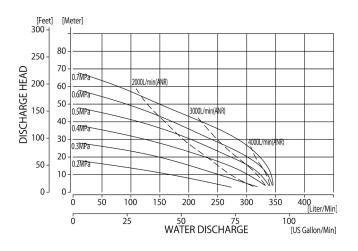
### ■NDP-40BA□/BS□/BF□



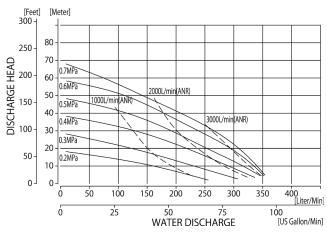
### ■NDP-40BAT/BST/BFT



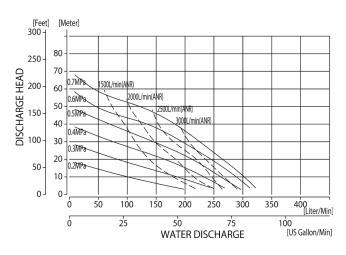
### ■NDP-40BATU/BSTU/BFTU



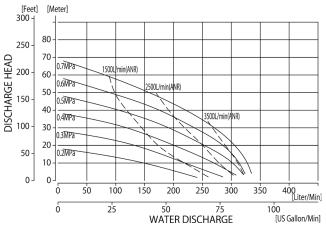
### ■NDP-40BP□/BV□



### ■NDP-40BPT/BVT



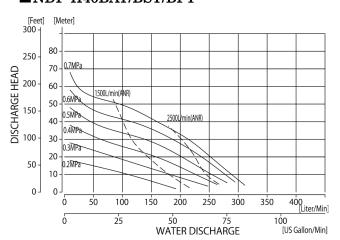
### ■NDP-40BPTU/BVTU



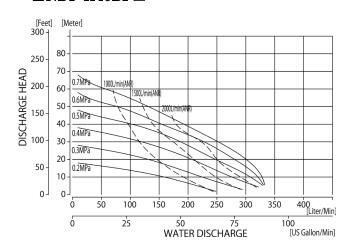
### ■NDP-H40BA□/BS□/BF□

### 0.85MPa 80 250 DISCHARGE HEAD 70 -60 - 0.7MPa 0.55MPa 50 40 - 0.4MPa 30-0<u>.2</u>5MPa 20 -50 10 0.TMPa 400 [Liter/Min] 50 150 200 250 350 100 50 75 WATER DISCHARGE Ő 25 100 [US Gallon/Min]

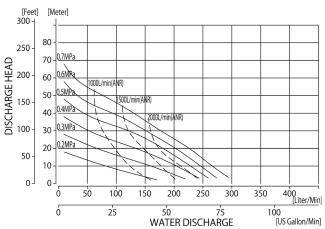
### ■NDP-H40BAT/BST/BFT



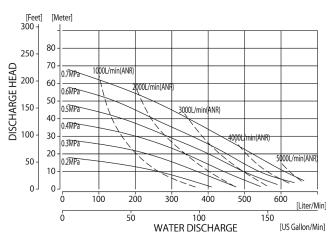
### ■NDP-H40BP□



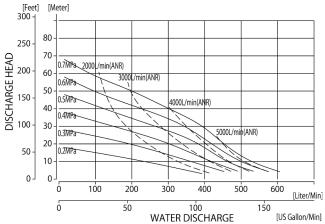
### ■NDP-H40BPT



10.3.5 NDP-50 series ■ NDP-50BA□/BS□/BF□



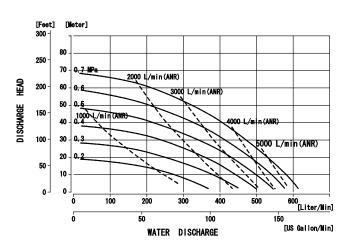
### ■NDP-50BAT/BST/BFT



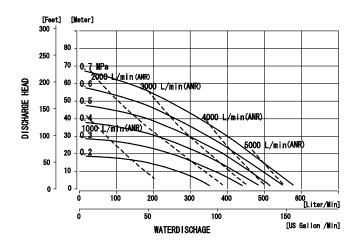
### ■NDP-50BATU/BSTU/BFTU

### [Feet] 300 -250 DISCHARGE HEAD 2000L/min(ANR) 200 60 0.6MPa 3000L/min(ANR) 50 150 0.5MPa 1000L/min(ANR) 40 0.4MPa 100 30-0.3MPa 20 -0.2MPa 50 10 0 -0 -Ő 100 400 200 300 600 [Liter/Min] Ő 100 WATER DISCHARGE 50 150 [US Gallon/Min]

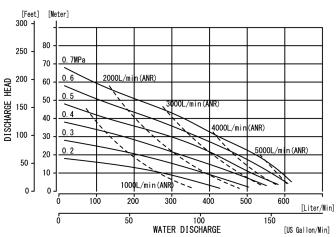
### ■NDP-50BP□/BV□



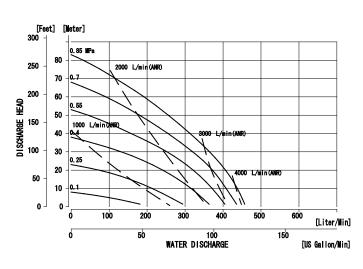
### ■NDP-50BPT/BVT



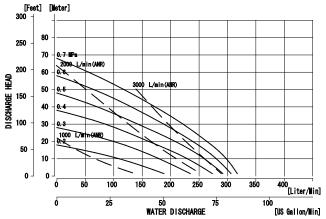
### ■NDP-50BPTU/BVTU



### ■NDP-H50BA□/BS□/BF□



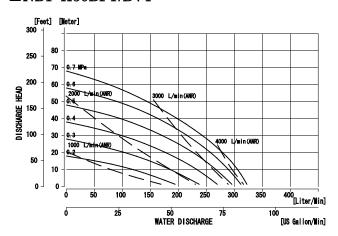
### ■NDP-H50BAT/BST/BFT



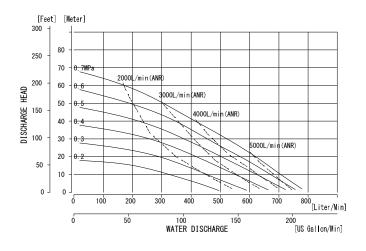
### ■NDP-H50BP□/BV□

### [Feet] [Meter] 300 | | DISCHARGE HEAD 3000 L/min (ANR) [Liter/Nin] Ó WATER DISCHARGE [US Gallon/Min]

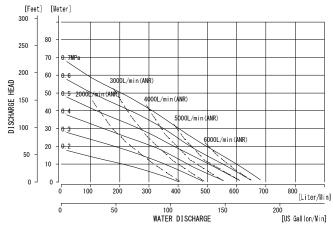
### ■NDP-H50BPT/BVT



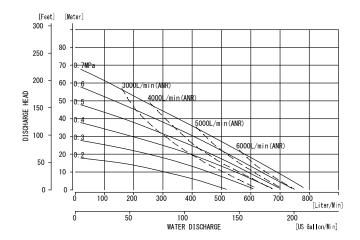
# 10.3.6 NDP-500 series ■NDP-500BS□



### ■NDP-500BST

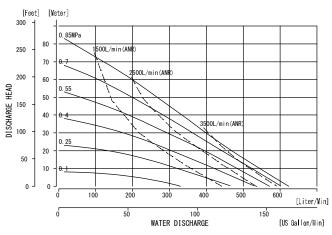


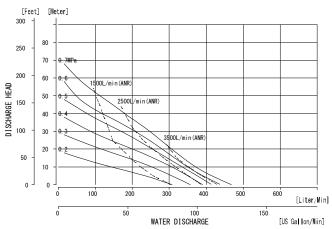
### ■NDP-500BSTU



### ■NDP-H500BS□

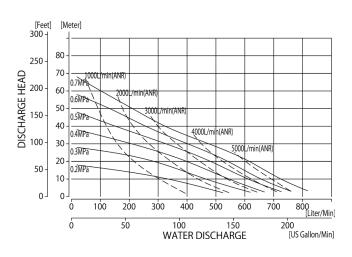
### ■NDP-H500BST

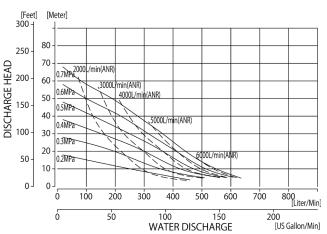




# 10.3.7 NDP-80 series ■ NDP-80BA□/BS□/BF□

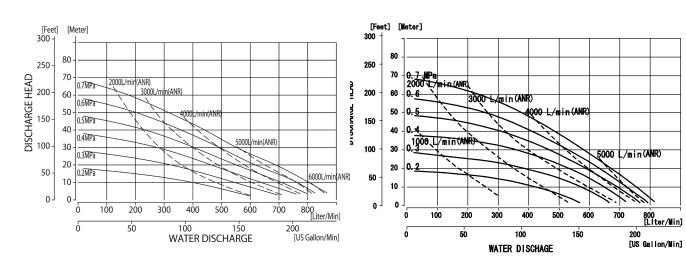
### ■NDP-80BAT/BST/BFT





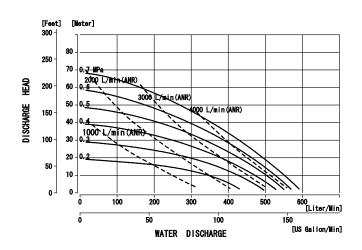
### ■NDP-80BATU/BSTU/BFTU

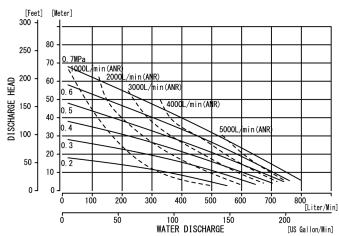
### ■NDP-80BP□



### ■NDP-80BPT

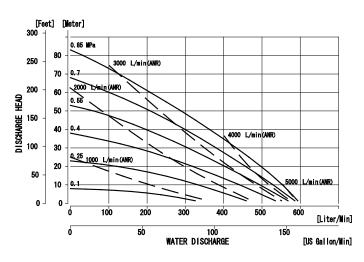
### ■NDP-80BPTU

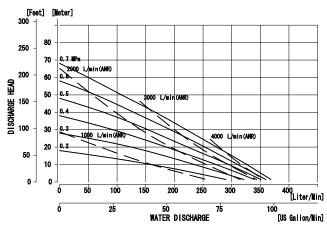




### ■NDP-H80BA□/BS□/BF□

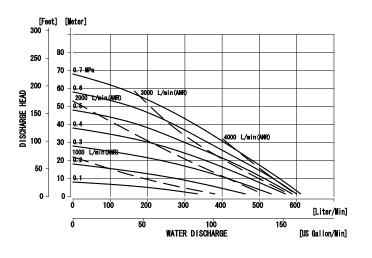
### ■NDP-H80BAT/BST/BFT

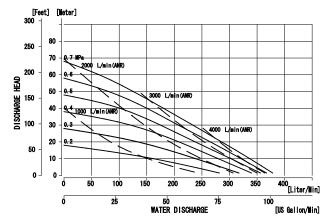




### ■NDP-H80BP□

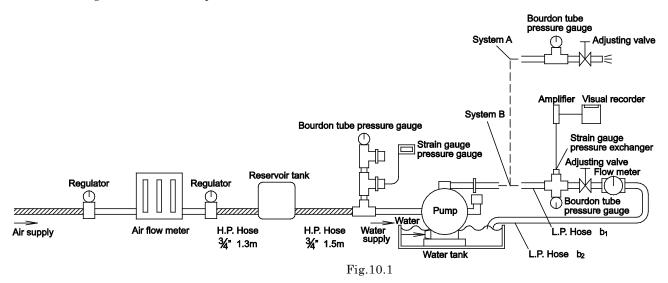
### ■NDP-H80BPT





### NOTE: Method of measurement of performance curve

Measuring instruments and procedure



- Conditions
- a) Supplied air pressure: Maintaining preset pressure
- b) Liquid pumped: Fresh water
- c) Temperature: Ambient
- d) Condition of suction: Flat suction 0 meter head
- e) Measuring system: System A ..... Converting weight of discharged fluid to volume.
  - System B ..... By liquid meter

### 11. Limited warranty

If an abnormality occurs during normal operation in accordance with the operating instructions and other operating cautions within the warranty period (12 months after date of purchase) that can be attributed to a manufacturing defect, the defective parts of this product will be serviced or the product will be replaced free of charge. However, this warranty will not cover compensation for incidental damage or any malfunction listed below.

### 1. Warranty period

This warranty will be valid for a period of 12 months after the date of purchase.

### 2. Warranty

If, during the warranty period, any of the material of the genuine parts of this product or the workmanship of this product is found defective, and is so verified by our company, the servicing cost will be fully born by our company.

### 3. Exclusion

Even during the warranty period, this warranty does not cover the following.

- (1) Malfunction arising from use of parts other than manufacturer-specified genuine parts
- (2) Malfunction arising from misuse or operating errors, or lack of storage or maintenance care
- (3) Malfunction arising from use with a fluid that may cause corrosion, inflation or dissolution of the component parts of the product
- (4) Irregularity arising from repair made by other than by our firm, our regional office, dealer or authorized service personnel
- (5) Malfunction arising from modification of the product by other than authorized service personnel
- (6) Wear and tear of parts that must be regularly replaced in the course of normal operation, such as diaphragms, center disk, valve seats, balls/flat valve, air switch sleeve valves, pilot valve, O-rings and gasket.
- (7) Malfunction and/or damage due to use with incorrect voltage.
- (8) Malfunction and/or damage due to transportation, moving or drop page of the product after purchase
- (9) Malfunction and/or damage due to fire, earthquake, flood or other force majeure
- (10) Malfunction arising from use of compressed air that contains impurities or excessive moisture or use of gases or fluids other than the specified compressed air
- (11) Malfunction arising from use of excessively abrasive material or of inadequate grease.

Furthermore, this warranty does not cover the rubber parts, or other parts used in this product and its accessories, which are subject to wear in normal operation.

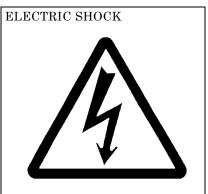
· hoses · packings · cords

### 4. Parts

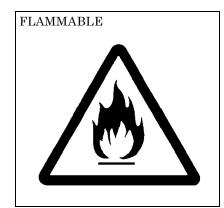
Parts for this product will be kept available for 5 years after discontinuation of production. Once 5 years have elapsed after close of production, availability of parts for this product cannot be guaranteed.

### 12. Warning symbols

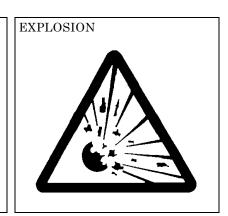






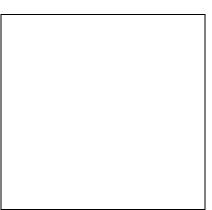












### YAMADA EUROPE B.V.

Aquamarijnstraat 50,7554 NS Hengelo (O),The Netherlands

PHONE: +31-(0)74-242-2032 FAX: +31-(0)74-242-1055 E-mail: sales@yamada.nl

Web : www.yamada-europe.com

Manufactured by

### YAMADA CORPORATION

### INTERNATIONAL DEPARTMENT

1-1-3, Minami-Magome, Ota ku, Tokyo, 143-8504, Japan

PHONE: +81-(0)3-3777-0241

FAX : +81-(0)3-3777-0584

E-mail : intl@yamadacorp.co.jp

Web : www.yamadacorp.co.jp